The Columbian.

The Columbian AND Bloomsburg Democrat.

IS PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY MORNING IN THE COLUMBIAN BUILDING NEAR THE COURT HOUSE, BLOOMSBURG, PA., BY

CHARLES B. BROCKWAY,

EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

Terms--Two Dollars a Year payable in advance.

JOB PRINTING

Of all descriptions executed with neatness and dispatch at reasonable rates.

VOLUME VI.---NO 13. BLOOMSBURG, PA., FRIDAY, MARCH 29, 1872. COL. DEM.---VOL. XXXVI--NO. 8.

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

One inch, (twelve lines or its equivalent in Nonpareil type) one or two insertions, $1.50 three insertions, $2.00

SPACE.	1m.	2m.	3m.	6m.	1Y.
One inch	$2.50	$3.00	$4.00	$6.00	$10.00
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Associate Judges—IRAM DERR, ISAAC S. MONROE.
Prothonotary, &c.—RUDOLPH H. RINGLER.
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District Attorney—JAMES BRYSON, JR.
Sheriff—AARON SMITH.
Surveyor—ISAAC DEWITT.
Treasurer—WILLIAM LAMON.
Commissioners—LYDIA BOBBINS, HIRAM J. REPPER, WILLIAM PFAFFER.
Commissioners' Clerk—WILLIAM KNICKBAUM.
Auditors—U. J. CAMPBELL, DANIEL LEE, CHARLES COMPER.
Coroner—CHARLES G. MURPHY.
Jury Commissioners—ISAAC MCBRIDE, JOHN MCANALLY.
County Superintendent—CHARLES G. BARKLEY

Illegal Voter Districts—Directors, S. H. MILLER WILLIAM KRAMER, Bloomsburg, and JOHNSON KELLER, Greenwood, CHARLES CONNER, Sec'y.

Bloomsburg Official Directory.

Bloomsburg Banking Co.—JOHN A. FUNSTON President, R. H. GREVIZ, Cashier.
First National Bank—CHAS. R. PAXTON, Pres't, J. P. TUSTIN, Cashier.
Columbia County Mutual Saving Fund and Loan Association—E. H. LITTLE, Pres't., C. W. MILLER, Sec'y.
Bloomsburg Building and Saving Fund Association—WM. PEACOCK, Pres't., J. B. ROBISON, Sec. *Bloomsburg Mutual Saving Fund Association*—J. J. REOWER, President, C. G. BARKLEY, Sec'y.

Bloomsburg Directory.

PAPER BAGS just received and for sale at the COLUMBIAN Office.

CLOTHING, &c.

DAVID LOWENBERG, Merchant Tailor, Main st., above American House.

WM. MORRIS, Merchant Tailor corner of Centre and Main sts., over Miller's store.

DRUGS, CHEMICALS, &c.

E. P. LUTZ, Druggist and Apothecary. Main st. below the Post Office.

CLOCKS, WATCHES, &c.

C. E. SAVAGE, dealer in Clocks, Watches and Jewelry, Main st., just below the American House.

LOUIS BERNHARD, Watch and Clock maker near southeast corner Main and Iron sts.

R. CATHCART, Watch and Clock Maker, Market street, below Main.

BOOTS AND SHOES.

E. M. KNORR, Dealer in Boots and Shoes, latest and best styles, corner Main and Market streets, in the old Post Office.

DAVID BETZ, Boot and Shoemaker, Main st. below Hartman's store, west of Market.

HENRY KLEIM, Manufacturer and dealer in Boots and Shoes, Groceries, etc., Main street, East Bloomsburg.

PROFESSIONAL.

DR. H. C. HOWER, Surgeon Dentist, Main st., above the Court House.

DR. WM. M. REBER, Surgeon and Physician. Office over the First National Bank.

C. G. BARKLEY, Attorney-at-Law. Office, 2d floor in Exchange Block, near the "Exchange Hotel."

B. MCKELVY, M. D., Surgeon and Physician, North side Main st., below Market.

J. C. RUTTER, M. D. Surgeon and Physician Market street, above Main.

J. B. ROBISON, Attorney-at-Law, Office Hartman's building, Main street.

DR. B. F. KINNEY, Surgeon Dentist.—Teeth Extracted without pain: Main st., nearly opposite Episcopal Church.

J. R. EVANS, M. D., Surgeon and Physician, south side Main street, below Market.

DR. A. L. TURNER, Physician and Surgeon, office over Klein's Drug Store, residence one door below Rev. D. J. Waller.

MILLINERY & FANCY GOODS.

E. PETERMAN, Millinery and Fancy Goods, opposite Episcopal Church, Main st,

MISS LIZZIE BARKLEY, Milliner, Ramsey building Main street.

MISS M. DERRICKSON, Millinery and Fancy Goods, Main st., below Market.

MRS. JULIA A. & SADE BARKLEY, Ladies' Cloaks and Dress Patterns, southeast corner Main and West sts.

THE MISSES HARMAN Millinery and Fancy Goods, Main st., below American House,

HOTELS AND SALOONS.

FORKS HOTEL, by T. Bent. Taylor, east end of Main street.

MERCHANTS AND GROCERS.

C. C. MARR, Dry Goods and Notions, southwest corner Main and Iron sts.

FOX & WEBB, Confectionery and Bakery. Wholesale and retail, Exchange Block.

H. C. HOWER, Hats and Caps, Boots and Shoes, Main st., above Court House.

J. B. MAIZE, Mammoth Grocery, fine Groceries, Fruits, Nuts Provision, &c., Main and Centre Streets.

MCKELVY, NEAL & CO., dealers in Dry Goods, Groceries, Flour, Feed, Salt, Fish, Iron, Nails, etc., N. E. cor. Main and Market sts.

S. H. MILLER & SON, dealers in Dry Goods, Groceries, Queensware, Flour, Salt, Shoes, Notions, etc., Main st.

MISCELLANEOUS.

C. M. CHRISTMAN, Saddle, Trunk & Harness-maker, Shive's Block Main Street.

D. W. ROBBINS, liquor dealer second door from northwest corner Main and Iron sts.

E. J. THORNTON, Wall Paper, Window Shades and fixtures, Rupert block, Main st.

G. W. CORELL, Furniture Rooms, three story brick, Main Street, west of Market st.

H. ROSENSTOCK, Photographer, over Robbins & Eyer's Store, Main st.

I. S. KUHN, dealer in Meat, Tallow, etc., Chemberlin's alley, rear of American House.

SAMUEL JACOBY, Marble and Brown Stone Works, East Bloomsburg, Berwick road.

WM. RABB, dealer in furniture, trunks, cedar willow ware, near the Forks Hotel.

E. B. BIDLEMAN, Agent for Munson's Copper Tubular Lightning Rod.

C. FOSTER, Glue Maker, and White and Fancy Tanner, Scottown.

NOTE BOOKS, and blank NOTES, with or without exemption, for sale at the COLUMBIAN Office.

Catawissa.

B. F. DALLMAN, Merchant Tailor, Second St. Robbins' Building.

DR. J. K. ROBBINS, Surgeon and Physician Second St., below Main.

GILBERT & KLINE, dry goods, groceries, and general merchandise, Main Street

J. B. KISTLER, "Cattawissa House," North Corner Main and Second Streets.

L. KEILER, Billard Saloon, Oysters, and Ice Cream in season Main St.

M. M. BROBST, dealer in General Merchandise Dry Goods, Groceries &c.

SUSQUEHANNA or Brick Hotel, S. Kostenbander Proprietor, south-east corner Main and Second Street.

WM. H. ABBOTT, Attorney at law, Main St.

Light Street.

H. F. OMAN & Co., Wheelwrights, first door above School House.

JOHN A. OMAN, Manufacturer and dealer in Boots and Shoes

D. S. ENT, dealer in Stoves and Tin ware in all its branches.

PETER ENT, Miller, and dealer in all kinds of Grain, Flour, Feed, &c. All kinds of Grain purchased.

Espy.

J. D. WERKHEISER, Boot and Shoe Store and manufactory. Shop on Main Street opposite the Steam Mill.

T. W. EDGAR, Susquehanna Planing Mill and Box Manufacturing.

Buck Horn.

M. G. & W. H. SHOEMAKER, dealers in dry goods, groceries and general merchandise

Orangeville Directory.

D. B. HERRING & BROTHER, Carpenters and Builders, Main st., below Pine.

BRICK HOTEL and refreshment Saloon, by Rohr M'Henry cor. of Main and Pine st.

DR. O. A. MEGARGEL, Physician and Surgeon Main st., next door to Good's Hotel.

DAVID HERRING, Flour and Grist Mill, and Dealer in grain, Mill Street.

JAMES B. HARMAN, Cabinet Maker and Undertaker, Main St., below Pine.

SCHUYLER & CO., Iron founders, Machinists and Manufacturers of plows, Mill St.

SAMUEL SHARPLESS, Maker of the Hayhurst Grain Cradle. Main St.

WILLIAM DELONG Shoemaker and manufacturer of Brick, Mill St., west of Pine

Philadelphia Directory.

HORTICULTURAL HALL
Restaurant and Dining Rooms.
FRANK SMITH, Proprietor.
PHILADELPHIA,

N. B. The location is central, the assistants attentive, and the tables supplied with the best the market affords, fresh and well cooked. Give him a call.

J. M. KEPHEART,
WITH
BARNES, BRO. & HERRON,
HATS, CAPS, STRAW GOODS & FURS,
No. 609 Market Street,
(Above Fifth,)
PHILADELPHIA.

WAINWRIGHT & CO.,
WHOLESALE GROCERS,
N. E. Corner Second and Arch Streets,
PHILADELPHIA,
Dealers in
TEAS, SYRUPS, COFFEE, SUGAR, MOLASSES
RICE, SPICES, BI CARB SODA, &c., &c.
Orders will receive prompt attention. may 10,67-tf.

HARVEY B. WALKER,
WITH
MEAR, SCHROPP & CO.,
IMPORTERS AND JOBBERS OF
CHINA, GLASS AND QUEENSWARE,
No. 108 NORTH SECOND ST.,
PHILADELPHIA.
Original assorted packages of Queensware constantly on hand. feb23'72-tf.

Business Cards.

E. H. LITTLE,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
Office Court-House Alley, below the COLUMBIAN Office, Bloomsburg Pa.

C. B. BROCKWAY,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
OFFICE—Court House Alley, in the COLUMBIAN building. [Jan4,'67.

C. W. MILLER,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
Office Court House Alley, below the COLUMBIAN Office. Bounties, Back-Pay and Pensions collected. Bloomsburg Pa. sep.29'67

JOHN M. CLARK,
ATTORNEY AT LAW.
Office with John G. Freeze, Esq., Brower's Building, Bloomsburg.

ROBERT F. CLARK,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
Office Main Street below the Court House. Bloomsburg Penn'a.

CHARLES C. LEIDY,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
OFFICE ON OAK STREET, MOUNT CARMEL.
NORTHUMBERLAND COUNTY, PA.
Collections promptly made. Conveyancing neatly executed an all other business connected with his profession carefully attended to in Montour, Northumberland and Columbia counties. no5,'71-6.

NEW STOVE AND TIN SHOP.
ISAIAH HAGENBUCH,
Main Street one door above E. Mendenhall's store.
A large assortment of Stoves, Heaters and Ranges constantly on hand, and for sale at the lowest rates.
Tinning in all its branches carefully attended to, and satisfaction guaranteed.
Tin work of all kinds wholesale and retail. A trial is requested.
Jan 1'71

BLOOMSBURG
MARBLE WORKS.
MAIN STREET, BELOW MARKET,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Monuments, Tombs, Headstones, &c. Work neatly executed. Orders by mail will receive special attention. N. B. Work delivered free of charge.
T. L. GUNTON, Proprietor.
oct13'71-tf. P. O. Box 287.

VETERINARY.
AUGUST FRIEND,
late from Germany, offers his services to the public as a celebrated
HORSE AND COW DOCTOR,
and all other animals, for which his charges are moderate. He can always be found east side of Berwick road, near S. H. Jacoby's Marble Yard.
Bloomsburg, May 12, 1871-1y.

BARGAINS—BARGAINS.
QUICK SALES AND SMALL PROFITS.
SAVE YOUR MONEY,
Go to
HENRY YOST,
East Bloomsburg, Pa., for all kinds of the best home and city made
FURNITURE.
Prices reasonable and the best work done. jan 1'71—tf

CURLING CREAM.
By using this article Ladies and Gentlemen can beautify themselves a thousand fold. This is the only article that will curl straight hair, and at the same time give to it a beautiful appearance. It also invigorates, beautifies and cleanses. It can be so applied as to cause the hair to curl any length of time desired. Sent by mail for 50 cts. a package. Address
ABNER TOWNSLEY,
Middletown, Adams Co., Pa.
sept1'71-6m.

VULCAN WORKS,
DANVILLE PA.
WILLIAM H. LAW,
Manufacturer of Wrought Iron Bridges, Boilers, Gasholders, Fireproof Buildings, Wrought Iron Roofing, Roofing Frames, Flooring and Doors, Farm Gates and Fencing, also Wrought iron piping, Stacks and all kinds of Smith Work, &c. Repairs promptly attended to.
N. B. Drawings and Estimates supplied. oct27'71-1y.

WHITE STAR LINE
NEW YORK, CORK, AND LIVERPOOL.
NEW AND FULL-POWERED STEAMSHIPS.
THE SIX LARGEST IN THE WORLD.
OCEANIC, CELTIC, REPUBLIC,
ATLANTIC, BALTIC, ADRIATIC,
6,000 tons burden—$1,000 h. p. each.
Sailing from New York on SATURDAYS, from Liverpool on THURSDAYS, and Cork Harbor the day following.
From the White Star Dock, Pavonia Ferry, Jersey City.
Passenger accommodations (for all classes) unrivalled, combining
SAFETY, SPEED, AND COMFORT.
Saloons, state-rooms, smoking-room and bath rooms in midship section, where least motion is felt. Surgeons and stewardesses accompany these steamers.
RATES—Saloon, $80 gold. Steerage, $30 currency. Those wishing to send for friends from the Old Country can now obtain steerage prepaid certificates, $38 currency.
Passengers booked to or from all parts of America, Paris, Hamburgh, Norway, Sweden, India, Australia, China, etc.
Excursion tickets granted at lowest rates.
Drafts from £1 upwards.
For inspection of plans and other information, apply to No. 19 Broadway, New York.
J. H. SPARKS, Agent,
Or to W. PEACOCK, Bloomsburg, Pa.
Jan12'tf

Miscellaneous.

DENTISTRY.
H. C. HOWER, DENTIST,
Respectfully offers his professional services to the ladies and gentlemen of Bloomsburg and vicinity. He is prepared to attend to all the various operations in the line of his profession, and is provided with the latest improved PORCELAIN TEETH which will be inserted on gold plating silver and rubber base to look as well as the natural teeth. Teeth extracted by all the new and most approved methods, and all operations on the teeth carefully and properly attended to.
Residence and office a few doors above the Court House, same side.
Bloomsburg, Jan.1'71—ly

THE GREAT MAGICAL
HAIR FORCER!
Will force a beautiful set of Whiskers or Mustache, in from two to three months, on any person over twelve years old. It is one of the best preparations to make the whiskers grow that ever was known. One bottle of it is sufficient to produce a very strong beard. It does not in any way stain or injure the skin. Try it! It is no humbug. Price 75 cents per bottle. Sent by mail, post paid, to any address, on receipt of price. Address WILLIAM C. WAGNER,
Arendtsville,
aug 1 71-1y. Adams County, Penna

INSURANCE AGENCY.

Wyoming	$211,054
Aetna	1,000,000
Fulton N. Y.	400,000
North America	300,000
City	450,000
International N.Y.	1,000,000
Niagara N.Y.	1,000,000
Merchants	200,000
Springfield	570,000
Farmers' Danville, N.Y.	500,000
Albany City	200,000
Danville, Howe Town	Mutual.
Atlantic, N.Y.	1,000,000
Germania, N.Y.	500,000

FREAS BROWN, *Agent*,
may24'71—1y. Bloomsburg Pa.

HINKLEY KNITTING MACHINE
THE SIMPLEST, CHEAPEST AND BEST IN USE! HAS BUT ONE NEEDLE! A CHILD CAN RUN IT!
Designed especially for the use of families, and adies who desire to knit for the market. Will do every stitch of the knitting in a stocking, widening and narrowing as readily as by hand. Are splendid for worsteds and fancy work, TAKING FIVE DIFFERENT KINDS OF STITCH! Are very easy to manage, and not liable to get out of order. Every Family should have one.
We want an Agent in every town to introduce and sell them, to whom we offer the most liberal inducements. Send for our Circular and Sample Stocking. Address,
HINKLEY KNITTING MACHINE CO.,
nov. 10,'71-1y. Bath, Me.

H. C. HOWER,
has opened a first-class
BOOT, SHOE, HAT CAP, AND FUR STORE.
at the old stand on Main Street, Bloomsburg, a few doors above the Court House. His stock is composed of the very latest and best styles ever offered to the citizens of Columbia County. He can accommodate the public with the following goods at the lowest rates. Men's heavy double soled stoga boots, men's double and single tap soled kip boots, men's heavy stoga shoes of all kinds, men's fine boots and shoes of all grades, boy's double soled boots and shoes of all kinds, men's glove kid Balmoral shoes, men's, women's, boys's and misses' lasting gaiters, women's glove kid Polish very fine, women's morocco Balmorals and calf shoes, women's very fine kid buttoned gaiters. In short boots of all descriptions both pegged and sewed.
He would also call attention to his fine assortment of
HATS, CAPS, FURS AND NOTIONS.
which comprises all the new and popular varieties at prices which cannot fail to suit. These goods are offered at the lowest cash rates and will be guaranteed to give satisfaction. A call is solicited before purchasing elsewhere as it is believed that better bargains are to be found than at any other place in the county.
jan 1'71

THE ORANGEVILLE MANUFACTURING COMPANY.
MANUFACTURERS OF
AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS
of the most Approved Patterns.
Mill Gearing,
Jobbing,
and Castings
of all descriptions.
DEALERS IN
General Merchandise, Lumber, &c., &c.
ORANGEVILLE, PA.
We would announce to the public in general that we have taken the well known Agricultural Works of this place and shall make it our aim to manufacture First Class Agricultural Implements equal to any other makers in the State, such as
Threshing Machines,
Both Lever and Tread Power.
Plows of every Description,
among which will be the celebrated
KNOB MOUNTAIN HERO,
acknowledged by all to be the best plow extant for the farmer. Also the
Champion, Sterns' Patent and The Montrose.
ALSO, DOUBLE CORN PLOWS,
Cultivators,
Iron Kettles,
and Castings
of every description. We shall use none but the best materials and employ none but competent and experienced mechanics and our prices will compare favorably with any other manufacturers.
Country Produce, Lumber, Old Iron, taken in exchange. We also have a store in connection with our Agricultural Works, where may be found a full assortment of MERCHANDISE which will be sold at small profits. Give us a call before purchasing elsewhere and we guarantee satisfaction
WM. JOHNSON, President. W. H. SMITH, Secretary.
march2'72-1y.

Hotels.

MONTOUR HOUSE
RUPERT, PA.
WILLIAM BUTLER, Proprietor,
This House having been put in thorough repair is now open for the reception of guests. No pains will be spared to ensure the perfect comfort of the travelers. The Proprietor solicits a share of public patronage. The bar will be stocked at all times with fine liquors and cigars.
jan1'71

BENTON HOTEL.
W. F. PIATT, Proprietor,
BENTON, COLUMBIA COUNTY, PA.
This well known House having been put in thorough repair is now open for the reception of visitors. No pains have been spared to ensure the perfect comfort of guests. The proprietor also runs a Stage from the Hotel to Bloomsburg and intermediate points on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday of each week. [jan 1'671

THE ESPY HOTEL.
ESPY, COLUMBIA COUNTY, PA.
The undersigned would inform the travelling public that he has taken the above named establishment and thoroughly refitted the same for the perfect convenience of his guests. His larder will be stocked with the best the market affords. The choicest liquors, wines and cigars always to be found in his bar.
WILLIAM PETTIT,
Espy, Pa.

THE NATION
Its Rulers and Institutions.
IN ENGLISH AND GERMAN.
Nothing like it. Strikes everybody as just the book they need. It is an Encyclopedia of the Government. Single pages in it, are of themselves worth the price of the book. *Over 500 pages and only $2.50.* **A Rich Harvest** for Canvassers—ladies and gentlemen—farmers, teachers and students. *One agent took 75 orders in a few days with circular alone, before the book appeared.* **$30 a day** can be cleared in fair territory. Write at once for Circular and information. NEW WORLD PUBLISHING CO., Cor. 7th and Market Streets, Philadelphia. [oct. 6,'71-1y.]

JUSTICE'S BLANKS.
We now have on hand a large neatly printed assortment of JUSTICES' and CONSTABLES BLANKS, to which we invite the attention of these officers.

Poetical.

Easter.

BY MRS. A. D. T. WHITNEY.

Do saints keep holy day in heavenly places?
Does the old joy shine new in angel faces?
Are hymns still sung the night when Christ was born,
And anthems on the Resurrection Morn?

Because our little year of earth is run,
Do they make record there beyond the sun?
And in their homes of light so far away
Mark with us the sweet coming of this day?

What is their Easter? For they have no graves,
No shadow there the holy sunrise craves,—
Deep in the heart of noontide marvelous
Whose breaking glory reaches down to us.
How did the Lord keep Easter? With His own!
Back to meet Mary where she grieved alone,
With face and mien all tenderly the same,
Unto the very sepulcher He came.

Ah, the dear message that He gave her then,—
Said for the sake of all bruised hearts of men!
—"Go, tell those friends who have believed on me,
I go before them into Galilee!"

"Into the life so poor and hard and plain,
That for a while they must take up again,
My presence passes! Where their feet toil slow
Mine, shining-swift with love, still foremost go!
"Say, Mary, I will meet them. By the way,
To walk a little with them; where they stay,
To bring my peace. Watch! For ye do not know
The day, the hour, when I may find you so!"—
And I do think, as He came back to her,
The many mansions may be all astir
With tender steps that hasten in the way,
Seeking their own upon this Easter Day.

Parting the veil that hideth them about,
I think they do come, softly wistful, out
From homes of heaven that only seem so far,
And walk in gardens where the new tombs are!

—*Scribner's for April.*

Miscellaneous.

Making a Fortune.

BY MARK TWAIN.

Samuel M'F——was a watchman in a bank. He was poor but honest, and his life was without reproach. The trouble with him was that he felt that he was not appreciated. His salary was only four dollars a week, and when he asked to have it raised the president, the cashier, and the board of directors glared at him through their spectacles, and frowned on him and told him to go out and stop his insolence, when he knew business was dull and the bank could not meet its expenses now, let alone lavish one dollar a week on such a miserable worm as Samuel M'F——. And then Samuel M'F—— felt sad and depressed, and the haughty scorn of the president and cashier cut him to the soul. He would often go into the side yard and bow his venerable twenty-four inch head, and weep gallons of tears over his insignificance, and pray that he might be made worthy of the cashier's and president's polite attention.

One night a happy thought struck him, a gleam of light burst upon his soul, and gazing down the dim vista of years with his eyes all blinded with tears he saw himself rich, honored and respected. So Samuel M'F—— fooled around and got a jimmy, a monkey wrench, a cross cut saw, a cold chisel, a drill, and about half a ton of gun powder and nitro glycerine, and all those things. Then in the dead of night he went to the fire proof safe, and, after working at it for a while, burst the door and brick into an immortal smash with such perfect success that there was not enough of that safe left to make a carpet tack. M'F—— then proceeded to load up with coupons, greenbacks, currency and specie, and to nail all the odd change that was lying anywhere, so that he pranced out of the bank with over one million dollars on him. He then retired to an unassuming residence out of town, and sent word to the detectives where he was.

A detective called on him one day with a soothing note from the cashier. Mr. M'F—— treated it with lofty scorn. Detectives called on him every day with humble notes from the president, cashier and board of directors. At last the bank offers got up a magnificent supper, to which Mr. M'F——was invited. He came, and as the bank officers bowed down in the dust before him, he pondered over the bitter past, and his soul was filled with wild exultation. Before he drove away in his carriage that night it was all fixed that M'F—— was to keep half a million of that money and to be unmolested if he returned the other half. He fulfilled his contract like an honest man, but refused with haughty disdain, the offer of the cashier to marry his daughter.

Mac is now honored and respected. He moves in the best society, he browses around in purple and fine linen and other good clothes, and enjoys himself first-rate. And often now he takes his infant son on his knee and tells him of his early life, and instills holy principles into the child's mind, and shows how, by industry and perseverance, frugality and nitro glycerine, monkey wrenches, cross-cut saws and familiarity with the detective system, even the poor may rise to affluence and respectability.

THE Bangor *Commercial* tells the following good story: "Everybody recollects Uncle Van Meter, the colored philosopher of Barkersville, who died some months since. Van was a character. He was summoned on one occasion as a witness in the Supreme Court on a cow case at the time the benevolent Judge Hathaway presided. The counsel on either side, who are still living in this city, out of sheer fun racked their brains to obfusticate the veteran African boy by plying all manner of questions pertaining to every other topic but the cow, The experiment was successful, and poor befogged Van answered as wildly as a blind pugilist strikes out at his antagonist. Judge Hathaway, willing to enjoy a little sport, but with a view to getting the bewildered philosopher back to a rational stand point, turned benignantly toward him and put a simple question. This was more than the illustrious voudoo could stand; a magazine never exploded quicker. Lifting both hands above his head, and with a countenance beaming with despair, 'I sez now, you old gray-harred gemmen up dar on de bench, don't you interfere wid dis matter. I've just as much as I can do to take care of dese two chaps down here!'"

Fatal Testimony.

The witness of a recent shooting affray in Memphis, upon whose testimony the State depended chiefly in its prosecution of the offenders, is a man named Perkins, who, if his strange, haggard appearance, and spiritless manner, excited some surprise in the Criminal Court before which he had been summoned, created still more astonishment by his complete refusal to relate what he had heard and seen of the murder under investigation. "I know that I shall be committed to jail for contempt," he said, in answer to the magistrate's remonstrance and threats; "but I will not testify in any case of this kind." After vainly and not unkindly pressing for some explanation of such unexpected contumacy, the court was finally compelled to commit the refractory witness to a cell, where he was subsequently visited by a reporter of the *Avalanche* and was persuaded to give the following history of his whole ruined life: When he was in his eighteenth year, he says, a roommate and fellow-student with him at a collegiate boarding-school—a young man slightly his senior and to whom he was warmly devoted in a friendship like that of David Copperfield for Steerforth—had a quarrel with another student, which, although a trifling matter at first, matured to the bitterest enmity. One night, when Perkins and his friend were in their room together, this student, stimulated to recklessness by drinking, forced an entrance there, and became so insulting that a fight ensued. Before his horrified room-mate could separate the combatants, the insulted student had shot his enemy through the brain with a pistol caught from the mantel; and the other inmates of the house reached the scene only in time to witness the death of the unfortunate invader of the apartment and consign his remorseful murderer to the hands of the police. In the trial following, political and family influence were directed implacably against the prisoner, whose bosom friend, to his unspeakable anguish, was compelled to testify that he had witnessed the fatal shooting. Upon this evidence, principally, of course, the jury found a verdict of wilful murder, and the unhappy young man thus branded was hung for his crime. Driven nearly frantic by his involuntary share in the dreadful fate of his friend, Perkins went down upon his knees beside that friend's coffin and "took a solemn oath never again to testify in any case where his testimony might possibly cause the extreme penalty of the law to be inflicted upon any person." This oath he has kept religiously through all the years which its tragic cause has made miserable to him; and, although of excellent family connection and possessing some property, his life since the execution of his friend has been but a career of such dissipation as he has sought for distraction from remorse. His repeated answer to all remonstrance against his present course is: "I will not testify, I tell you, gentlemen, though you keep me in jail for life. I will not! I will not!" And in prison he remains.

A MAN, tried in Dumfries, Scotland, before the sheriff and a jury, accused of stealing some garments from a farm-yard, was defended by a local practitioner with so much success that the jury returned a verdict of "Not proven." To the surprise of his agent the prisoner seemed by no means in a hurry to quit the dock after the verdict was rendered. The man of law went up to him, informed him that he had been acquitted, and was at liberty to go away, but still the fellow kept his seat. A second time he was reminded that he was no longer a prisoner, but he remained immovable. At length, as the court was nearly emptied of the people who had been present during the trial, including the witnesses in the case, the prisoner whispered to his counsel, "The fact is, man, I durst na gang sooner; I have on the pair of trowsers that was stolen." The prisoner had been placed in the dock wearing the clothes in which he had been apprehended, to enable the witnesses more readily to identify him.

How a Scotchman Lied.

A Scotchman and Irishman, previous to their first battle, agreed that if one was wounded the other was to help his fellow. It so happened that a bullet wounded the poor Scotchman in the thigh, so he called out to his Irish friend for help. Paddy lifted him on to his shoulders and was carrying him to an ambulance, when a cannon ball came and carried away the poor Scotchman's head, unknown to poor Paddy, who feeling the "whiz" of the projectile, remarked, "That was a close one too."

A Surgeon, noticing the Irishman carrying his headless burden, asked him where he was going with it.

"Why, shure, and where should I be going but to the doctor, to have him doctored?" replied Paddy.

"But my friend, do you not see that he has had his head knocked off by a shot?"

"Oh bedad, so he has!" cried Paddy, when he had lowered the corpse of his friend; "why, what a liar the fellow must be! He told me it was only a bullet wound in his leg!"

PRESIDENT HOPKINS of Williams College is thoroughly good and greatly loved, and he is a stately and dignified old gentleman withal. All these excellent qualities added a quaint effect of contrast to the suddenness of the following answer which the worthy president once received, and which illustrates the principle that "ridicule is the test of truth." In the railroad cars one day the President descried one of his students, a youth of regretable habits in point of dissipation, and wearing at that moment the haggard and disheveled looks of one not yet over the effects of a hard debauch. Stepping up to the young man, looking him sternly yet sadly in the face, the president said in a deep and impressive tone:

"Been on a drunk!"

"So have I," was the answer.

Court Anecdotes.

The tedious session of the Supreme Court at Pittsfield was relieved by an incident, one day recently, that drew a little smile. A leading member of the bar, rather noted for his strategy of confusing witnesses by working them into a passoin, had under cross-examination a woman who seemed an apt subject for his favorite tactics. Having wound her up to the desired pitch, he inquired: "Madam, are you now living with your first or second husband?" "That's none of your business!" sharp and short. With an air of offended dignity, the attorney turned to Chief Justice Brigham, who remarked, with a smile: "I think the witness is about right in that, is she not?"

Which reminds the older members of the bar of a similar misadventure that a still more distinguished member of the Berkshire bar once met at the hands of Chief Justice Shaw. "Where did you get the money with which you made the purchase spoken of?" asked the "learned brother" of a witness under the tortures of cross-examination. "None of your (gentle expletive) business!" thundered the victim. "Now, may it please you, are counsel to be insulted in this manner?" appealed the lawyer. "Witness," said the Chief Justice, compassionately, "do you wish to change your last answer?" "No, sir, I don't!" "Well, I wouldn't if I were in your place!" And the chuckle that shook the bench was audibly echoed.

"When Greek Meets Greek."

A Hartford friend tells a good story of one of our most distinguished citizens:

Col. Samuel Colt was, in his lifetime, disposed sometimes to be rather pompous. When he was building dwelling-houses for the workmen employed in his great pistol-factory he one day encountered a boy picking up chips on his grounds.

"What are you doing here?" he asked gruffly.

"Picking up chips, sir," replied the youngster, evidently unawed by the great presence.

"Perhaps," exclaimed the Colonel drawing himself up with swelling dignity, "you don't know who I am. I'm Colonel Samuel Colt, and I live in that big house up yonder."

The boy straightened up and swelled out, and answered: "Perhaps, you don't know who I am. I'm Patrick Murphy, and I live in that little shanty down yonder," pointing in the direction.

"Sonny," said the Colonel, blandly patting him on the head, "go on and pick up all the chips you want, and when you get out come back for more.
—*American Publisher.*

Ruling Passion Strong in Death.

The "ruling passion strong in death" was remarkably illustrated in the case of a certain Mr. Higgins who was a most punctual man through all his life. At the advanced age of 90 he was calmly resting on his bed, waiting to be called away. His pulse grew fainter, and the light of life seemed just flickering into its socket, when one of his sons remarked:

"Father, you will probably live but a day or two; is it not well for you to name your bearers?"

"To be sure, my son," said the dying old man. "It is well thought of and I will do it now."

He gave the names of six, the usual number, and then sank back exhausted on his pillow.

A gleam of thought passed over the withered features like a ray of light, and he rallied once more.

"My son, read this. Is the name of Wiggins there?"

"It is, father."

"Then strike it off," said he, emphatically, "for he never was punctual—was never in season and he might delay the procession a whole hour."

A MAN OF HIS WORD.—The vicinity of Bastrop, in Louisiana, was made quite gossipy by an animated personal difficulty, in which a notably veracious gentleman from Arkansas felt obliged to take the life of his opponent in an argument. "If you repeat that assertion, sir," observed the Arkansas gentleman, in commentary upon the other's use of certain forcible biographical insinuations, "I give you my word that I will shoot you." Heedless of the courteous admonition, the too-voluble offender presently committed the repetition, and—his funeral was attended by a large concourse of relatives and friends. "I gave him my word for it," remarked the gentleman from Arkansas, blowing into the discharged barrel of his pistol, "and that's a pledge I always redeem."

THE following anecdote is related by Mr. W. F. Roe, in his memoir of M. Taine, the eminent French author: One day Max Muller went into the dining-room of an hotel in Oxford, and there saw Taine sitting with a dish of roast beef and vast quantities of buttered toast. The learned German was surprised at the combination and at the huge quantity of the toast. "Is that a French dish?" he asked. "No," said Taine, "but they keep on bringing it to me in spite of all I can say to the contrary." "What did you ask for?" observed his friend. "Why," replied Taine, "I kept telling them to bring *'pottar-tos,'* and each time they bring me a fresh dish of toast! Mr. Taine's pronunciation of "potatoes" was so much like "buttered toast," that the astonished waiter could not be blamed.

WHEN the excellent Mr. Joe Meek, the Oregon trapper, went to Washington as a Territorial messenger, his good looks and relationship to President Polk made him a great favorite with the ladies. While promenading one evening a lady inquired whether he had ever been married. 'Yes,' Joe said, 'I have a wife and six children.' 'Oh, la!' continued his friend, 'and isn't Mrs. Meek afraid of the Indians?' 'Afraid of Indians!' replied the frontiersman, 'I reckon not, why, she's an Indian herself.'

Traveling Stones.

Many of our readers have doubtless heard of the famous traveling stones of Australia. Similar curiosities have recently been found in Nevada, which are described as almost perfectly round, the majority of them as large as a walnut, and of an irony nature. When distributed about upon the floor, table, or other level surface, within two or three feet of each other, they immediately begin traveling toward a common centre, and there huddle up in a bunch like a lot of eggs in a nest. A single stone removed to a distance of three and a half feet, upon being released, at once started off, with wonderful and somewhat comical celerity, to join its fellows; taken away four or five feet it remains motionless. They are found in a region that is comparatively level, and is nothing but a bare rock. Scattered over this barren region are little basins, from a few feet to a rod or two in diameter, and it is in these that the rolling stones are found. They are from the size of a pea to five or six inches in diameter. The cause of these stones rolling together is doubtless to be found in the material of which they are composed, which appears to be loadstone or magnetic iron ore.

WE have heard a great deal of highway outrages of late, but did not deem that we should be called upon to chronicle one, but such is the case. A physician living on Brooklyn Heights was recently hurrying homewards, quite late in the evening, when a man, apparently drunk, staggered out of a tavern and jostled him. The good doctor did not wish to make a disturbance, so he stepped aside and let the drunken man pass on. The man's condition, however, did not prevent him from walking quite fast, and he soon left the doctor behind. The latter suddenly bethought himself to feel for his watch.

It was gone!

But he was equal to the occasion. Taking his pistol from his pocket, he ran after the man, overtook and collared him.

"Now, you rascal," cried he in a terrible voice, "hand out that watch, or I shall put a ball into you!"

The man demurred at first, but the doctor's voice and manner were too much for him. He saw that there was nothing else to do, and so he handed out the watch. When the doctor reached home, he told his adventure to his wife. "But, my dear," said she, "you did not take your watch with you. There it is, on the table, where you left it!"

There is no use of going into further particulars. The doctor had committed highway robbery on an unknown drunken man, and that was the best that could be said of it.

An Honest Customer.

An anecdote worth laughing over is told of a man who had an infirmity as well as an appetite for fish. He was anxious to keep up his character for honesty, even while making a bill with his merchant, as the story goes, and when his back was turned the honest buyer slipped a codfish up under his coat-tail. But the garment was too short to cover the theft, and the merchant perceived it.

"Now,"

The Columbian.

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

Friday, March 29, 1872.

	Secretary Boutwell,	Register Allison,	Discrepancy
1869	$2,656,033,955	$2,490,002,480	$167,031,475
1870	2,490,972,427	2,886,336,599	94,313,828

For 1869, see Boutwell's report of that year.....$2,650,000,000
For 1869, see Boutwell's report of 1870. 2,588,000,000

Discrepancy.....$68,000,000

The State Capital.

To utterly satisfy the city of Philadelphia it will be necessary to change the name of this Commonwealth to that of "The State of Philadelphia" with headquarters at that metropolis. The papers of that city are vigorously urging the removal of the State Capital from Harrisburg; the Mayor and Councils are pushing the matter; a meeting of citizens has been held and a committee of thirty appointed to proceed to the Legislature for furtherance of the object. The benefits of the change are set forth as follows: "The whole State would be benefited if its law makers were brought into intimate contact with the social refinement of a great metropolis;" "in a great city like Philadelphia the rascalities which have characterized the Legislature at Harrisburg will no longer be possible;" "Harrisburg is out of the geographical center of travel;" and "the force of habit and the inconvenience of removal have alone prevented a change from being made long ago."

When we consider the manner in which municipal matters have been managed of late in the City of Brotherly Love, a prominent official being now in jail for his share of the business, and the fraud and corruption brought to light at the recent election, aided and abetted by the police, we are not inclined to believe that the morals of our State legislators will be benefited by a more close contact with a people whose city government is more corrupt even than that of New York. If members of the Legislature can be bought and sold at Harrisburg how much more will they not be bought and sold in a city where money is vastly more plentiful and where scoundrels to use it do greatly abound. It is absolute folly to talk of a change being wrought in the characters of venal men by a change of the location where they sell themselves. It is urged farther that the air of Harrisburg "is loaded with miasmatic vapor" and "its water is poisonous" but how much better is Philadelphia? During the prevalence of the epidemic at Harrisburg, Philadelphia was suffering terribly from small pox and it is difficult to convince sensible people that this dread disease is preferable to diarrhœa. As to the water, an investigation of that used by Philadelphia has proved it to be filled with noxious and foul matter contributed by the various mills and manufactories along the Schuylkill and the drainage from cemeteries. There is not much to be said favorably of that argument. As to Harrisburg being out of "the geographical center of travel," be that as it may, a city situated on the extreme edge of the State can offer no improvement in that respect. Mr. Samuel Josephs, one of Philadelphia's moral legislators states that the feeling in the House is almost unanimous in favor of a change. We have no doubt that there are many members who would gladly welcome the removal as offering larger opportunities for money making. But the people of the State are not altogether guided by the opinions of Mr. Josephs and his kind or inclined to accept their judgments as in any manner convincing. If a change should be made, great benefits must be proved to be resultant. As the matter now stands the removal would be attended by an expense of millions of dollars and would be productive of not one good result in any direction whatever.

WE are in favor of all honorable freedom of speech and freedom of thought but there are those who take advantage of both to the manifest injury of society. Prominent among these abusers of an admirable principle are the avowed disciples of free love. They should be suppressed by the police authorities as disturbers of the public peace, and teachers of pernicious doctrines and as breakers of all law moral and civil. One of these shameful and shameless followers of Free Love, a Mrs. McKinley, recently gave a lecture in New York in which, among other vile remarks, she made use of the following: "Love confined to one will be unknown when love is perfectly developed." There can be no denunciation too strong for such language, no condemnation so utter as not to be merited. Women who lead notoriously impure lives, are under the surveillance of the police and are liable to arrest, but this McKinley woman is permitted to openly advocate a life of degradation which the laws expressly prohibit and punish.

THAT pure and disinterested politician Simon Cameron, whose dove-like innocence and freedom from guile are familiar to the people of this State, is reported to have made a speech recently in which he used the following remarkable language:

"About the only pleasure, and certainly the only profit I have ever had from being in the Senate, was that once in a while I could take up some lonely creature and be instrumental in putting him or her into a place where he or she would be independent of the world for the time being."

We know of nothing more sad in the history of modern law-makers than the total want of appreciation which has attended this Christian and charitable Cameron. After profitless years spent in the Senate—profitless save in the reward which virtue always confers upon its followers—this good and gentle man whose aim has been to succor the unfortunate and aid the needy, has only succeeded in acquiring a reputation as an unscrupulous schemer and wily demagogue with whom the end has always justified the means. It is too late now for the world to do him justice, but in the world to come what rewards will not be his.

A FINE picture of Boston is given by Wendell Phillips in one of his recent lectures on labor reform: "Boston is a city in which every tenth person is a criminal and every seventh a pauper. Three-quarters of our farms are mortgaged for drink; two-thirds of the pulpits are filled with drunkards and the bench of justice is nearly vacant because one-half of the judges have died drunkards."

Proposed Civil Service Reform.

The Louisville Courier-Journal suggests that the following be included among the questions to be put to aspirants for service in the civil branch of the government by the proposed board of examining pedagogues:

1. Who is your candidate for the presidency?

2. How much of your salary as postmaster do you think you could contribute to secure his re election?

3. Can you swear that you are physically strong enough to work like a dray horse in his behalf from now until the polls close?

4. About how many votes could you make for your candidate by working in that way?

5. Have you always been truly loyal, and if so, how many times did you vote for the present noble chief executive in 1868, and do you think you could do it again in 1872?

6. If the administration should happen some time or another to need a first class witness in a Ku-Klux case, do you suppose you could remember what it would be necessary for you to swear to on the occasion?

7. When you shall have found that you are a defaulter to the government in a very considerable amount, you will understand, won't you, that you must keep the fact concealed from the Democratic press, and that, if the thing should leak out in spite of us, you must pay for the whitewash yourself?

8. In case it should chance to occur to you at no distant day that it would be eminently proper for you to forward a Durham colt or a Berkshire calf, a terrier pig or a Shanghai pup—or all four of them as the case may be—to a certain $250,000 farm near St. Louis, whose gifted proprietor is not wholly unconnected with the executive mansion at the present time, are you quite sure you would remember to ship with great care and pay the expressage and all other charges on the shipment?

9. In conclusion, how much change do you happen to have about your clothes, and do you think you could borrow enough here to take you home?

19. And finally, where did we understand you to say that you keep your cigars and liquor?

The man who knows enough about opening, shutting up and distributing the mails to answer these questions to the satisfaction of an examining board thoroughly in accord with the present administration would make a postmaster of whom the administration would justly be proud.

The Era of Small Men.

There is much force and truth in the following, which we find in the *Louisville Courier Journal:*

Never before in our country's history were the legislative halls of the nation so crowded with small men. Not only small intellectually, but also small in morals, and small in everything else that goes to make up the full stature of men worthy to fill the position of law makers for a great nation like ours. When the United States Senate was ornamented by such men as Henry Clay, John C. Calhoun, Daniel Webster, Thomas Benton, Thomas Ewing, Silas Wright, and their compeers—men noted for their intellect, eloquence, patriotism and high sense of honor, loved at home and respected abroad—it reflected credit on the people whose interests it represented, and whose honor it upheld. Americans everywhere, regardless of party, regarding it as the greatest deliberative body in the world. Notwithstanding the excitement and bitter partisan feeling of the time, no Senator was ever charged with having obtained his seat through fraud, bribery and corruption, or being mixed up with any rascally scheme to swindle the Government or defraud the people to enrich himself. Then every Senator was an honorable man, and there was not one among them who would not rather have received a wound than borne a stain. But how have the mighty fallen! Harlan, Nye, Clayton, Caldwell, Cameron and Brownlow, and others, noted for their selfishness and moral leprosy, have taken the places made vacant by the great men who preceded them, befouling the Senate and disgracing the American name.

GOVERNOR CURTIN.—We understand that Governor Curtin, Minister of the United States at St. Petersburg, has resigned that position and will return to his home in Pennsylvania within a month or two. This resignation is not altogether unexpected, and has a political significance at this time, which will soon find authorative expression in an important form. The friends of Governor Curtin have been systematically proscribed by the Administration, through the controling influence of Mr. Cameron, not only in the distribution of patronage, but in every form of political consideration in the Republican party. They are powerful enough to make their strength felt in the Presidential canvass, but have all the disposition to redress past grievances.

HORACE GREELEY declines to be considered as a "bolting" Republican, but, on the contrary, as representing the true Republican party. In a recent number of the *Tribune* he says: "The Convention to be held at Cincinnati on the first day of May is to be a Republican Convention. Neither the Grant nor the Democratic party can participate in its deliberations." From this it would appear that he looks upon the Grant faction as not a Republican organization but as simply a corrupt outgrowth of the wealth and power which the party has acquired in years past. Mr. Greeley is right in this, that the present Administration does not resemble a Republican form of Government in the true meaning of the word.

The Signs that Wise Men Heed.

The lesson of the political situation should be full of instruction to the Republican party. The selection by the Philadelphia Convention of a Presidential candidate other than Gen. Grant would at once dissolve the hostile combination which is closing around him. The danger of the disruption of the party would thus be wholly avoided; its success would be assured. It is evident he has lost much ground with the people within the last few weeks. The revelations of Custom-house frauds, the scandal of the sale of arms to the French, the fastening of the grossest corruptions upon grave Senators, as well as upon legislative clerks, and the violent tirades of his friends from the national forum and through the press upon those who conscientiously differ with them have all seriously weakened his popularity, even though in none of the cases mentioned need it be affirmed that he is personally implicated. With all the disadvantages under which he would labor as a candidate it does seem the height of folly longer to press his name, though all the custom-houses in the land swell with arrogance and all the post-offices increase in desperation. —*Syracuse Standard.*

LEGISLATURE.

In the Senate on Wednesday of last week a large number of bills were introduced:

The general appropriation bill was taken up, and the first sixteen sections were agreed to, as already published, without discussion. No material amendments have been made by the senate committee in this part of the bill.

The Committee to investigate the fraudulent issue of medical diplomas reported that the Electic College of Medicine and the Philadelphia University of Medicine and Surgery had been guilty of selling bogus diplomas and recommending the repealing of their charters.

Mr. Randall then read in place two bills repealing the charters of the institutions referred to as having issued fraudulent diplomas. Subsequently a preamble was affixed to the bills, and they were passed and sent to the house.

In the House, was taken up bill No. 55, entitled an act for the reorganization, regulation and discipline of the National Guard of Pennsylvania, and to provide for the enrollment of the milita, and the House resolved itself into a committee of the whole Mr. Rogers, of M'Kean, in the chair.

Several amendments were offered and lost. Mr. Smith, of Fulton, spoke at length in opposition to the entire bill, which is designed to create a standing army of 20,000, to be under one man's command, and at a great expense to the people of the commonwealth.

On motion of Mr. Brockway, the committee rose, and the speaker having resumed the chair, the house resolved that the committee shall have leave to sit again.

Mr. Hewitt reported joint resolution proposing an amendment to the constitution of Pennsylvania, making the state treasurer elective by the people which passed yeas 94, nays, none.

The following joint resolution, was referred to the committee of ways and means:

JOINT RESOLUTION RELATIVE TO THE STATE CAPITAL BUILDINGS.

WHEREAS, The present capital and executive and land office department buildings are unfitted for the purposes designed, being too small, and crowded with documents and public archives and take large sums annually to keep them in repair;

And whereas, The buildings are not fire proof, and documents of immense value to the state are daily exposed to complete destruction;

And whereas, The erection of new capitol buildings cannot longer be delayed without danger to the public interests and dishonor to the legislature of this great and growing commonwealth; therefore, be it

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives,

First. That a commission, consisting of two senators and three representatives, be appointed by the speakers of the respective houses, whose duty it shall be to obtain bids for suitable and plans for new capital buildings to be constructed of fire proof materials, as far as possible, and to be of such grandeur of design, and and of such capacity, convenience and durability as to answer the purpose designed, and endure for centuries to come. *Provided*, That those furnishing plans shall be limited to buildings costing not over five millions of dollars.

Second. That said commission be instructed to inquire of the authorities of the city of Philadelphia on what terms a suitable site for state capital buildings can be procurred in that city of not less than thirty acres in extent.

Third. That each commissioner while in the discharge of his official duties shall receive a compensation of $5 per day and the necessary traveling expenses, to be paid by warrant on the treasury drawn by the auditor general after the amount is properly audited, and that $10,000 or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby appropriated to pay such expenses and for preiums of appropriate designs, and said commissioners shall make full report of their proceedings and hand over all designs and estimates procured by them to the legislature at its next annual session.

In the Senate on Thursday the following bills were introduced:

By Mr. Brooke, required county commissioners to furnish assessors with blanks for agricultural statistics.

By Mr. Wallace, act to cure certain defective acknowledgements of deeds.

The governor sent in a message concerning Mr. Wallace's bill to authorize the state treasurer to collect certain moneys heretofore improperly paid. The governor says he did not feel justified in vetoing the the bill, and could not approve it, believing it was not sound policy. The bill has become a law by the expiration of ten days' time.

In the House a similar message from the Governor was received.

Agreeably to order, the house proceeded to the consideration of bills on the public calender, and the first bill in order, No. 55, entitled an act for the reorganization, regulation and discipline of the National Guard of Pennsylvania, and to provide for the enrollment of the militia.

The bill was discussed by sections and disposed of by the Committee of the whole.

In the Senate on Friday a bill was introduced by Mr. Buckalew, providing for repairs of Susquehanna and Tioga turnpike, in Luzerne and Sullivan counties. Passed.

The act incorporating the Danville and Roaring Creek railroad company was recommitted.

Mr. Davis, of Berks, offered a joint resolution instructing the special committee on the Rothermel picture of the battle of Gettysburg to dispose of the same to Joseph Harrison, jr., esq., of Philadelphia for $25,000. Referred to committee on finance.

The constitutional convention bill was taken up. Mr. Strang withdrew his substitute, and the house having nonconcurred in the senate amendments, on motion of Mr. White the senate insisted upon them, and Messrs. White, Billingfelt and Buckalew were appointed a committee of conference on the part of the senate.

The general local option bill came up on third reading and was amended by Mr. Humphreys inserting a clause relative to boards of license commissioners; also by Mr. Findlay, by attaching a second proviso to the first section. It then passed finally yeas 16, nays 14, with the following proviso added to section one by the senate:

And provided further, That all licenses granted after the first day of January, 1873, shall cease, determine and become void on the first day of April, 1873, if the district for which they shall be granted determine against the granting of license and the treasurer of the proper county shall then refund to the holder of said license the moneys so paid therefor, for which the said treasurer shall be entitled to credit in his account with the commonwealth.

The Governor sent in the following nominations. Rev. O. H. Miller to be State librarian, Prof. J. P. Wickersham to be Superintendent of common schools. The latter nomination was confirmed by an unanimous vote.

Nothing of general interest transpired in the house.

In the Senate on Monday last Secretary Jordan presented the returns of the fifth senatorial district, and Mr. Waddell, the senator elect, appeared and was sworn in.

A communication was received from the Philadelphia councils offering to give the state a site in Fairmount park or elsewhere, the state to choose, as a site for the public buildings.

Mr. Anderson introduced a joint resolution providing for removing the capital, and desired to consider it at once, but Mr. Mumma objected, and it went to the finance committee.

Bills were introduced, by Mr. Buckalew, incorporating the Northumberland iron company. Passed.

Mr. Allen, supplement to the act providing for the training of common school teachers in the commonwealth.

Also, authorizing the borough officers or managers of water companies to contract for the supply of public water.

The following resolution, offered by Mr. Billingfelt, was adopted.

Resolved, That the commissioners of the sinking fund be required to inform the senate what amount of the public debt has been redeemed each month since last May, and the amount of unexpended balance in the state treasury, and the amount of overdue loans remaining unpaid.

The appropriation bill was called up. The pending section—the Danville hospital appropriation—was postponed informally, and the bill passed up to the forty-second section.

A motion of Mr. Davis, of Berks, to reconsider the twelfth section, for the purpose of inserting $5,000 for each Normal school, was postponed for the present.

Then came a stream of additions, all of which were agreed to.

In the House reports of Committees were presented as follows:

By Mr. White, joint resolution on removing the state capital to the city of Philadelphia.

By Mr. M'Junkin, senate bill to provide for the election of judges, and to increase the number of Supreme Judges to seven.

By Mr. Mitchell, of Tioga, to secure to married women their own earnings.

Also, an act providing for submitting amendments to the constitution to a vote of the people, which bill was taken up and passed.

By Mr. Porter, supplement to act relating to elections in this commonwealth.

By Mr. Brockway, an act relating to legal proceedings against boom companies.

By Mr. Rogers, senate bill relating to the competency of witnesses in criminal prosecutions.

By Mr. Brockway, to provide for the support of the poor in certain townships in Columbia county.

On the speaker's table, senate amendment to general local option bill, by striking out "boroughs and townships" and inserting "cities and counties."

On the question, will the house concur, the yeas were 62 and the nays 29.

Messrs. Cooper, Starr and Brockway, of Columbia, were appointed a committee of conference on the constitutional convention bill.

In the Senate on Tuesday last the appropriation bill was discussed at length.

In the House a large number of bills on the private calendar were passed, but none of local interest.

CONGRESS.

In the Senate on Wednesday of last week the Chicago Relief bill was taken up, and after some debate the bill as reported by the Finance Committee was passed—yeas 20, nays 17. The Tariff bill was then taken up, and after some debate the Senate went into executive session, and soon after adjourned.

In the House the Post-office appropriation bill was taken up in Committee of the whole; after a long discussion the amendment giving the Pacific Mail Steamship Company $1,000,000 as a subsidy for carrying the China and Japan mails was defeated by a vote of 92 nays to 87 yeas. An amendment prohibiting employees of the department acting as agent or attorneys for the prosecution of claims within two years after leaving office, was agreed to. The committee then rose, and the bill as amended was passed.

In the Senate, on Thursday of last week the Tariff bill was discussed.

In the House, the ar my appropriation bill appropriating $29,518,797 was considered but not disposed of.

In the Senate on Friday, the bill to enable honorably discharged soldiers and sailors, or their widows, to acquire homesteads on the public lands was taken up and passed. The Senate then resumed the discussion on the Tariff bill, and after some talk put tea and coffee on the free list by a vote of 35 yeas to 13 nays. In the House nothing was done, it being private bill day.

In the Senate on Monday, after the introduction of bills and the reception of reports from the several committees, the bills reported by the Committee on Commerce were taken up and passed; but pending a bill to facilitate commerce with China, Japan, and other countries in Asia, the Senate adjourned.

In the House little or nothiug was done. A bill securing homesteads on the public landsto honorably discharged soldiers and sailors, their widows and minor children, was passed. Also, authorizing the Secretary of the Navy to contract for a statue, to be erected in Washington, of the late Admiral Farragut, at a cost not to exceed $20,000.

Nothing of moment transpired in either House on Tuesday. The Tariff bill was debated in the Senate and a railroad bill was fought over in the House.

NEWS

A boiler in the New Jersey Steel and Iron Works Trenton N. J. exploded last Friday, creating a scene of the greatest confusion. The boiler tender named Hughes, is missing, and is supposed to have been blown to atoms. Five other employees received serious injuries, principally about the head. The boiler was forty feet long, and was carried one hundred feet into a blacksmith shop, which it entirely demolished. The explosion was heard for miles.

The annual race between the eight oared crews of the English Oxford and Cambridge clubs took place last Saturday, over the usual course of four miles two furlongs, from Putney to Mortlake, on the Thames, and resulted in favor of the Cambridge men. The day was unfavorable, both for the spectators and the contestants; a snow storm prevailed all the morning.

The testimony taken on Monday at the investigation into the arms job showed that the packages were sent on board the Ontario marked with the initials of the French Republic. It was an open secret that the arms were for France. This fact "was perfectly settled in the mind" of one witness. The vessels were sent to England to preserve neutrality.

The National Executive Democratic Committee will hold a meeting in Washington, in May, after the meeting of the Cincinnati Convention, to decide upon the time and place for holding the National Democratic Convention. Leading Democrats in Washington believe that the 4th of July will be the time, and St. Louis the place chosen.

It is stated from Buffalo that the "oldest navigators" on Lake Erie say they never "knew so much ice with so little snow." For nearly eighty miles out the lake is covered with ice over three feet thick, and it is feared that navigation will not open until late in May.

Another period of financial excitement began in New York on Monday. Erie R. R. stock advanced wonderfully, and the excitement was equal to that of Black Friday, Jay Gould is said to have made $3,240,000 by the rise.

The "Southern Improvement Company" has been crushed by a compact between the railroad authorities and the oil men.

The latest Mexican advices confirm all the previous reports of revolutionary defeats, and show that the rebellion is subsiding into anarchy in the northern portion of the country. At Monterey the forced loan is being mercilessly executed. Several foreign stores have been closed and merchants imprisoned, among them J. Ulrich, the U. S. Consul.

"HE is fighting a windmill," said Mr. Conkling of Mr. Edmunds in the United States Senate. "Certainly I am," said Mr. Edmunds—"the gentleman from New York."

THE Chicago *Times* thinks the epithet "bolter," which has long been used with effect by the Radical leaders, is losing its power, and says that "to be styled a 'bolter' is much the same as to be described as a citizen who does not wear about his neck a collar inscribed 'Ulysses, his dog.'"

GOVERNOR GRATZ BROWN was lately interviewed by a New York *Sun* reporter, to whom he said:

The Liberal movement is not strictly against Grant personally, but in opposition to his pernicious policy. There are a number of persons in his administration who are equally as bad as he. In some respects he is simply the instrument. The Liberal movement is against that policy which seeks to destroy our form of government, which encroaches upon the rights and liberties of the people, and concentrates power in the hands af a small party at the seat of Government. The liberal movement is also in behalf of honesty and economy, in the administration of the Government, and the necessity for this is apparent to all.

THE Washington correspondent of the N. Y, *Tribune* says:

It is reported, on good authority, that the President recently asserted that he is determined to force his nomination by the Philadelphia convention, even if he should be satisfied that his defeat, if nominated, would be inevitable. He said that he had been so unjustly criticised, and so much abused, of late, that he would prefer to be re-nominated and beaten at the polls, rather than have the Republican party succeed with another candidate.

AN attaches of one of the Harrisburg papers recently "interviewed" the New Hampshire giantess while she was stopping at one of the hotels in the State capital. The newspaper man was first cousin to the bar-tender of the hotel in question, which may possibly throw some light on the following rather peculiar description which he gives of the Eastern wonder: The New Hampshire giantess is thirty-nine years of height, and on her last birth-day in June, 1871, was five feet old, making her about five feet six inches at the present writing. Her waist is precisely twenty-seven inches in circumference, while her arm is developed to the immense size of six feet two inches round, and weighs six hundred and seventy-five pounds. She is in fine health and apparently married.

LEWENBOECK tells us of an insect seen with the microscope of which 29,000,000 would equal a mite. Insects of various kinds may be seen in the cavities of a grain of sand. Mould is a forest of beautiful trees, with the branches, leaves and fruit. Butterflies are fully feathered. Hairs are hollow tubes. The surface of our bodies is covered with scales like a fish; a single grain of sand would cover 150 of these scales, and yet a scale covers 200 pores. Through these narrow openings the sweat forces itself like water through a sieve. The mites make 500 steps a second. Each drop of stagnant water contains a world of animated beings, swimming with as much liberty as whales in the sea. Each leaf has a colony of insects grazing on it like cows on a meadow.

The world uses 250,000,000 pounds of tea each year, and 713,000'000 pounds of coffee, China furnishes nearly all of the tea and Brazil over one half of the coffee. Over 140,000 pounds of Java and 18,000 pounds of Mocha is produced. The United States consumes nearly one-third of all the coffee produced in the world, and the English are the greatest tea drinkers out of China. The Germans rank next to the Americans as coffee drinkers, The Americans consume about six pounds of coffee and 122 pounds of beef per head, counting adults and infants, each year. This looks large, but then the Yankees never do anything by *halves*.

WATER-proof Cements for mending broken crockery are usually not fire-proof, and fire proof cements are seldom water-proof. The following, however, is claimed to be both: Mix a tea cup of milk with two ounces of vinegar. It will curdle. Separate the curd from the whey, and mix the latter throughly with the white of an egg. Finally add quick-lime passed through a sieve until it as thick as a paste. The cement is then ready for use.

The Woman Question.

In discussing the Governor's veto of the bill repealing the grant of the right of suffrage to woman, one of the members of the Wyoming Legislature said:

"The Governor has'nt got no right to veto this bill. He hasn't got no right to veto this bill nor nothin' that we pass unless it is somethin' witch after it has passed it shall appear that is wrong or that is somethin' wrong, by witch reason it ought not to become a law, accordin' to my reasonin'. I am willin' every old woman shall hev a guardian if she wants one and ken get it.

No woman ain't got no right to set upon a jury unless she is a man, and every lawyer knows it, and I don't b'leve it anyhow. I don't think woman juries has been a success here in Wyomin'. They watch the face of the Judge too much when the lawyer is addressen' 'em. That shows they ain't fit for juries in my way of thinkin'. I don't b'leve she's fit for 't no how. Wot right has she got on a jury no how?

ILL NATURE.—Every day we meet with persons who in their families are cross, flinatured, dissatisfied, finding fault with everybody and everything, whose first greeting in the breakfast-room is a complaint, whose conversation seldom fails to end in an enumeration of difficulties and hardships, whose last word at night is an angry growl. If you can get such persons to reason on the subject, they will acknowledge that there is some "want" at the bottom of it; the want of a better house, a finer dress, a more handsome equipage, a more dutiful child, a more provident husband, a more cleanly, or systematic, or domestic wife. At one time it is a "wretched cook" who stands between them and the sun; or a lazy house-servant, or an impertinent carriage. The want of more money than Providence has thought proper to bestow will be found to embrace all these things. Such persons may feel assured that people who cannot make themselves really comfortable in any one set of ordinary circumstances would not be so under any other.—[Dr. W. W. Hall.

A Quarry of Mud Turtles.

A Wood county, Ohio, paper contains the followiug account of the discovery of a quarry of Mud Turtles. Recently two men were engaged in the construction of ditch No. 183. The ditch leads through a marshy swamp, which has not probably in the recollection of the oldest inhabitant, been as dry as this year, and even with the present great drouth, the team of horses mired so badly that in some instances they had to dig and pry them out from among the sunken bogs where they became entangled. In one place while plowing and about 2½ feet below the surface, they came upon a literal patch of huge mud turtles, some of which were as large on the back as the bottom of a Windsor chair, and so firmly imbedded were some of these tough customers, that they obstructed the plow, and threw it out of the furrow the same as a stone or root would do. Five or six of these lusty fellows would sometimes be turned out of a single furrow. They had probably sought this moist spot from some distance as the best place to go into winter quarters.

In the city of Rome, there are various and important changes going forward. Old houses are being swept away, new streets opened, new squares made, great excavations in the old ruins commenced, and the city is taking on a show of life and activity. We trust King Victor Emanuel will be able to hold his own in Italy, and not make such a failure as poor Maximilian made in Mexico. It is quite certain that neither the Italian nor the Mexican people were fit for self government, and will not be for many years to come. Both need a wise and strong personal government, and we did the Mexicans more harm, than we did the cause of republican government good, by interfering with them, and threatening the application of the Monroe doctrine.

IT is believed that the oldest rose bush in the world is one which is trained upon one side of the Cathedral of Hildesheim, in Germany. The root is buried under the crypt, below the choir. The stem is a foot thick, and half a dozen branches nearly cover the eastern side of the church, bearing countless flowers in summer. Its age is unknown but documents exist that prove that the Bishop Hezilo, nearly a thousand years ago, protected it by a stone roof, which is still extant.

A HUGE PIE.—The largest chicken pie ever made in New England, and perhaps in the world, was exhibited at Bridgeport at the Episcopal Fair. An immense crowd had assembbled to witness the unveiling. It required over one hundred large sized chickens, fifty pounds of flour and twenty pounds of lard for the crust, a special pan nine feet in diameter to hold it, four stout men to carry, and A. W. Wallace was the only man in the city who had an oven large enough to bake it. It was a whopper and no mistake.

IT is given to some women to see a point clearly and state it comprehensively—for instance, an Iowa woman concludes a sensible article against woman suffrage thus pointedly: "You may look at this matter in whatever light you will, but simmer it down, and it is but a quarrel with the Almighty that we are not all men."

B. FRANK ZARR

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

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New Advertisements.

ADMINISTRATORS' NOTICE.

ESTATE OF PETER HAUCK, DEC'D.

Letters of administration on the estate of Peter Hauck, late of Beaver township, Columbia county, deceased have been granted by the Register of said county to John Hauck and Nathan Bredbender, of same place. All persons having claims against the estate of the decedent are requested to present them for settlement, and those indebted to the estate to make payment to the undersigned, administrators, without delay.

JOHN HAUCK,
NATHAN BREDBENDER,
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1872. 1872.

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—:o:—

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JOHN Q. KELLOGG, 18

THE COLUMBIAN.

Bloomsburg, Friday, March 29, 1872.

FRANK COOLEY,

ASSISTANT EDITOR.

Railroad Time Table.

LACKAWANNA & BLOOMSBURG R. R.

	North.	South.
Mail	10:51 A. M.	5:18 P. M.
Accommodation	4:15 A. M.	10:50 P. M.
Express	6:26 P. M.	9:37 A. M.

CATAWISSA R. R. FROM RUPERT STATION.

Going North.	Going South.
4:48 P. M.	11:14 A. M.

LOCAL.

THE cost of the Lackawanna & Bloomsburg R. R., eighty miles long, was $1,000,000, being $50,000 per mile.

SOME one who pretends to know, says that there have been one hundred and fourteen consecutive days in which the ground has been frozen.

OF the 33 members of the State Senate 22 are lawyers, but of the 100 members of the House only 13 are members of the bar.

Two-thirds of all the Presidents of the United States and three-fourths of all the Secretaries of State have been members of the Episcopal Church.

THE R. R. investigating committee, of which Mr. Brockway is chairman, is in session most of the time. On Saturday last the Committee visited Baltimore.

LIMBERGER Cheese hung about the neck is said to be a preventive of small pox. The trouble is that most people would prefer the disease to the remedy.

THE officers of the Agricultural Society offer a reward of $10 for the arrest of those persons who break open the gates and tear down the fence of the Fair Grounds.

WE learn that the Japanese embassy will visit Danville to-day, Friday. For what reason they have left the beaten track of foreigners, leaving the large cities and seeking the towns, we are not informed.

HARRY LONG, well known to the people of this town, has become connected with the Brick Hotel in Orangeville, until recently kept by Rohr McHenry. Harry's friends will know where to find him.

THERE has been some talk of a daily paper to be published in Wilkes-Barre, but the project does not seem to have advanced any further than that. Up-river editors do not think there is much money in it.

THERE will be a social dance in Cadman's new hall on Wednesday evening next, April 3d. Good music and a pleasant time are promised. Tickets, $2 each, can be procured of Thomas M. Webb.

REV. P. W. STEELY died at his residence in Beaver township on March 15th, aged 64 years. He was a minister of the Reformed Church for nearly a quarter of a century and the father of twenty-six children.

THERE are no less than twenty-five cases of scarlet fever in Asbury, Fishing Creek township. Every family, with one exception, having at least one case. But two deaths have occurred however as yet.

THE grading of Main Street is one of the most necessary measures for improving the appearance of Bloomsburg. At present there are all degrees of elevation and depression and the street presents anything but an inviting appearance.

Some over zealous youths raised an alarm of fire on Thursday night of last week, a few coals having fallen from a tilted stove. Great care should be exercised in so grave a matter as an alarm of fire, else our citizens may treat a genuine one as false and refuse to assemble when their services are really requisite.

THERE will be special services in St. Paul's church on Easter Day. The floral decorations, which Mr. Lloyd Paxton always so bountifully provides, will be of more than usual beauty. The music of this season of the Church's rejoicing is joyous and inspiring, and is more than usually delightful after the sombre character of that during the Lenten fast.

ON and after Monday next, the 1st of April, it is lawful to catch trout with hook and line and the piscators of our county are doubtless preparing themselves for the sport. The condition of the streams is, however, anything but favorable and from present appearances it will be nearer the 1st of May than of April before there will be much comfort in throwing the fly. Trout fishing through the ice is contrary to all the laws of the "gentle art."

A Kentucky paper gives an account of a $2,000 hog-pen built by a woman-farmer in Scott County. It states that it is painted and grained, furnished with hot and cold water, heated with steam, and lighted with gas. The troughs are mahogany, inlaid with ivory. When the first one of the kind is erected in Columbia County we should be pleased to hear of it and will engage to furnish a full grown local notice—free.

THERE is at present so much said in regard to the definitions of words given by Dr. Webster in his dictionary, that it may be apropos to call attention to his masterly explanation of the word "boil" in earlier editions, according to which the word signified "a circumscribed subcutaneous inflammation, characterized by a pointed pustular tumor, and suppurating with a central core—a peruncutis." What a comfort it is to know just what ails you.

WM. H. ABBOTT, Esq., of Catawissa, has been appointed Notary Public, by Governor Geary. This appointment will give satisfaction to Mr. Abbott's many friends in Catawissa and will prove a great convenience to the people of the town, there being no Notary nearer than Bloomsburg. We are heartily glad of Mr. Abbott's appointment, as he is a friend of many years' standing and one whom we know is capable and obliging. He is a member of the bar of this county, of good standing and well known to the people, as his life has been spent in their midst.

A NEW style of ornament for the hair is a small humming bird with diamond eyes and a jewelled arrow through its breast.

THERE is, perhaps, no time at which we are disposed to think so highly of a friend as when we see him standing higher than we expected in the esteem of others.

THE Legislature has finally passed a bill granting a new trial to Dr. Schoeppe, who has been in prison three years, and once at the very foot of the gallows, for a crime fastened upon him by circumstantial evidence.

THE number of newspapers and periodicals published in the United States is as follows: Daily, 574; Tri-weekly, 107; Semi-weekly, 115; Weekly, 4,270, Semi-monthly, 95; Monthly, 621; Bi-monthly, 13; Quarterly, 49; Total, 5,845.

BUSINESS must be dull in Chester county, as a paper there publishes the names of forty-seven candidates for the seven county offices to be filled. Forty of those fellows are sure to be disgusted with politics this fall.

THE Lewistown *Gazette* does not think much of the apportionment bill which makes Clearfield, Clinton, Centre, Mifflin and Elk counties a Congressional district, and remarks, "We should like to help defeat the mush head who proposed that."

THE Hunlock Creek & Muncy Railroad committee have received subscriptions to the amount required for the granting of a patent, and have applied therfor. About 900 shares were subscribed in Lycoming, the remaining 700 in Columbia and Luzerne.

A SIGNER of a remonstrance against granting a license to a saloon, in a neighboring county, called at the same saloon shortly after to get a glass of beer. He was refused and a short but pertinent speech on the occasion was made by the proprietor. Served him right.

Corner loafers are not valuable adjuncts to the real estate which they occupy, but do not own, and so thought the merchants of a western town who finally got rid of them by hanging out a placard on which was written, "wanted, employment for these roosters." The "roosters" flew.

A BILL has passed the Senate to repair the Tioga & Susquehanna turnpike. As this is the road to Long Pond, frequenters of that rural retreat will be gratified at the proposed improvement of the road, which, if reports be true, has been a little like Jordan, "a hard road to travel."

THE people of Wilkesbarre are taking active measures to secure the erection of a free bridge across the Susquehanna, to connect their town with Kingston. A public meeting has already been held in furtherance of the matter, and $11,000 have been subscribed.

According to ancient superstition, March is the most unlucky month in the year. The man or woman born in this month will be poor and unfaithful condemned to woe and sorrow. Persons contemplating being born will please take notice and govern themselves accordingly.

ALL the stories of a spotted-fever epidemic in the vicinity of Scranton, circulated during the past month, are now said to have been gross exaggerations. The authorities say a few cases have resulted in death, as in other parts of the country, but there has been neither an epidemic nor a panic and there are no new cases.

A sleepless father invented the following ingenious device for quieting babies for which no patent has yet been taken out, and so may be used freely:

The above, which we clip from an exchange, may seem vague and unsatisfactory, but we do not hesitate to say that the majority of parents will agree that it is as good a plan as any yet found.

AT Indiana mite society meetings, the ladies play Copenhagen for the good of the cause, and make the gentlemen who participate pay at the rate of ten cents a single kiss. We do not wish to be understood as advocating the plan, but wonder whether, if it were tried here, the attendance would be greatly diminished or the receipts decreased. The fair sex, bless 'em, are always ready to aid any good cause that—but no, we will not pursue the theme.

THE following is the approved philosophy of preventing hens from scratching up the garden. Put gaffs or spurs on the hens, reversing them, instead of the points up have them pointed downward. Then when a hen lifts a leg to scratch, as it descends the point of the spur catches in the ground, placing the foot forward; and a stroke with the other leg is attended with like results, until the hen walks herself right out of the garden.

THE AMERICAN STOCK JOURNAL.—We wish to call the attention of our readers to this, the oldest and most widely circulated JOURNAL of its class, devoted to the Live Stock interests of the whole country. Each number is handsomely illustrated with Engravings, and contains many articles of interest to every Farmer and Stock Raiser. Only $1,00 a year. Specimen copies FREE. Address N. P. BOYER & Co., Parkesburg, Chester County, Pa.

RECENTLY published statistics of mortality, collected from the records of eleven years in France, Belgium and Holland, show that the ratio of married men to that of bachelors between the ages of 25 and 30 years, is as four to ten and one-half in every thousand. There are, however, between the same ages twice as many deaths of widowers as of bachelors. Between 30 and 35 years married men die at the rate of eleven and single men of five in the thousand, but widowers disappear from these earthly scenes at the enormous rate of nineteen to the thousand. A deduction from these statistics is that bachelors would do well to stay bachelors, and married men would do well to keep their wives alive as long as possible. And this makes one think of the wise saying of Socrates to a young man who asked him whether or not it would be well to take a wife; a query to which the sage replied that, "whether he married or not he would repent it."

THE bill providing for the construction of Water Works for the town of Bloomsburg has passed the House and gone to the Senate.

MR. MCCLURE has been awarded the seat in the State Senate, from the Fourth District, Mr. Gray now occupying it having been decided not entitled thereto.

EDWARD C. GREEN the Centralia School teacher who was so terribly beaten recently is slowly improving and is considered out of danger.

TEN men were burned, some of them fatally, by an explosion of sulphur at the Locust Dale colliery near Ashland, on Tuesday. We have not learned further particulars.

E. B. DRIESBACH, formerly of Hemlock township, has moved to Catawissa and will take charge of McKelvy's Grist Mill there. His friends will be pleased to know of his whereabouts.

ON Tuesday night Mrs. Fares and Daniel James were attacked by three ruffians whilst in the house of the former in Centralia and badly beaten. Mr. James, a cripple, boarded with Mrs. Fares who is a widow with a large family and in poor circumstances. No reason is assigned for the outrage.

SPOTTED fever, it may as well be stated, has broken out in various parts of the city and a number of deaths have resulted. We hear numerous persons complaining of symptoms not the most agreeable, and great care should be exercised in prompt and judicious treatment of patients.—*Williamsport Standard.*

SCARLET FEVER.—The scarlet fever—a disease that parents dread more than almost any other that children can be afflicted with—is raging to a fearful extent in several counties of the State. An eminent physician claims to rob scarlet fever of many of its terrors by prescribing for the patient warm lemonade with a little mucilage, as often as desired, and the application of warmth to the stomach. He directs that a cloth be wrung out of hot water and laid on the stomach, renewing it as it cools. With this treatment, he guarantees that not one out of a hundred cases will prove fatal.

WE learn from reliable sources that the Board of Directors of the N. & W. B. R. R. have unanimously approved of the location of their road, made upon the ground, by their engineers, under the direction of the Executive Committee of the Board. And while there are other claims set up to a portion of the route, the engineers found no trace of any survey or pretense of location within the county of Columbia, or anywhere west of Little Wapwallopen creek. The immediate construction of this road, and its branches, will advance the prosperity of this whole region.

WE earnestly hope that our suggestion, of a few weeks since, looking to the formation of Democratic Clubs throughout the county may not be overlooked. There was never a time when they were more needed than now or when they would be more likely to do good. It would not be necessary to hold frequent meetings at this early time in the year, once in a month or fortnight would perhaps be sufficient: but it is very desirable that the Clubs should be organized and ready to work actively when the campaign fairly opens. A few energetic and earnest men in each township could bring about the result. The fall elections are of so important a character that every means should be taken to ensure an increased majority in the county.

WE clip the following from a story found in one of our exchanges and present it as a fine specimen of "loftv" writing. The author probably meant to say that the girl was good looking at least that is the idea we got from reading it:

"Hers was the style of beauty to bewilder the tamest imagination and heart, a gleaming picture, enamelled with fire and fixed in a frame of gold from the stars. It was the spell of an enchantment to be felt as well as seen. We might feel it in the flashes of her countenance, clear as sunlight, brilliant as the iris; in the classic contour of her features, symmetrical as if cut with an artist's chisel; in her hair of rich ringlets, flowing without a braid, softer than silk, finer than gossamer; in her eyes, blue as the heaven of southern summer, large, liquid, dreamy; in her motions, graceful, swimming, like the gentle waftures of a bird's wing in the sunny air, in her figure, slight, ethereal—a sylph's or a seraph's; and more than all, in the everlasting smile of the rosy lips, so frank, so serene, so like starlight, and yet thrilling the soul as a shock of electricity."

It is a fact not as generally known as it should be, that the onion is remarkable for its nutritious qualities. According to analysis, the dried onion root contains from 25 to 30 per cent. of gluten. In this respect it ranks with the nutritious pea.—The onion is to the Spaniard and Portuguese what cheese is to the English laborer; it helps to sustain his strength, and adds largely to the nourishment which his simple meal suggests. If onions were more largely used in this country, there is little doubt that the general health of our rural population would be greatly promoted.—The only reason why they are not more extensively employed as an article of general consumption in large cities, and amongst what are known as the better classes, is because of the strong odor emitted by them while cooking. This objection does not apply with so much force in the country where the facilities for ventilation are so much better than in cities.

AN observant writer in speaking of the signs of the times says:

"Everything points to an early spring—the geese stand on one foot, balmy airs come from the Green Mountains, and the bark on the north side of dogs is thinner than usual. These signs never fail."

This beats us; we surrender. With the tears of mortifying ignorance dimming our eyes we are fain to confess that we don't know which is the "north side of a dog," in fact we had always thought dogs knew "no North, no South, no East, no West." As information of any kind can be made useful, we should be pleased to know how to tell the north side from the south, and also whether the head or the tail is the east end. Communications can be sent to this office—open daily.

THE election of the Rev. Mr. Hewitt to the Principalship of the Normal School will not interfere with his Parochial duties.

THE winter term of the Bloomsburg State Normal School ended on Thursday, March 28th. The spring term will begin on Monday, April 8th, and continue twelve weeks.

EM. D. LUDWIG, heretofore associated with C. B. Brockway, as agent of the Continental Life Insurance Co., has disposed of his interest to Mr. Brockway, and takes a high position with the Equitable Life Insurance Co. Mr. Ludwig is a remarkably successful agent and will doubtless fill his new office most acceptably.

MESSRS. TURNBACH, HESS & Co., of this place, finished a large mine car recently in the shortest time on record. The timber of which the car was made was standing on Tuesday morning; it was cut down, taken to the mill, sawed, hauled by team nine miles, worked up into shape and the car *finished* and *loaded* on Wednesday evening, ready for shipment to Hazleton—all this in the space of about thirty-six hours. We fancy this is hard to beat. An order for 100 cars has since been received by this firm from the parties for whom this sample car was built.

WE understand that the Rev. John Hewitt has been elected Principal of the Bloomsburg Literary Institute and State Normal School.

Mr. Barkley, late Principal, accepted the position at the earnest solicitation of the Board of Trustees and of Mr. Wickersham; and with the understanding that he was to be relieved as soon as a permanent arrangement to supply his place could be made. A justly complimentary Resolution was adopted by the Board, on the retirement of Mr. Barkley, a copy of which was presented to him publicly. Mr. Hewitt's experience as a teacher, and his determination to be constantly on "The Hill, will we trust still further improve the working of the School."

THERE is as much connection between the words and the thoughts as there is between the thoughts and actions. The latter is not only the expression of the former, but they have a power to react upon the soul, and leave the stain of corruption there. A young man who allows himself to use one vulgar or profane word, has not only shown that there is a foul spot on his mind, but by the utterance of that spot he inflames it, till, by indulgence, it will pollute and ruin the soul. Be careful of your words and of your thoughts. If you can control your tongue so that no improper words are pronounced by it, you will soon be able to control the mind, and save it from corruption. You extinguish the fire by smothering it, or by preventing bad thoughts from bursting into words. Never utter a word anywhere which you would be ashamed to speak in the presence of the most refined lady, or the most religious man. Try this practice a little while, and you will soon have command of yourself.

Gossip With Our Readers.

Very few people are good letter writers. It is remarkable, considering the importance of the subject, that so little attention is paid to what should be a portion of every thorough education. In business letters, the wrong use of words may convey an idea utterly at variance with the writer's intention, and cause pecuniary loss to himself or to others. The requirements of a good business letter are few; brevity, and comprehensiveness are all that are necessary. To express the meaning fully in the fewest possible words should be the aim, and yet how very many letters do neither the one nor the other. A long straggling epistle badly worded and obscure in sense is invariably productive of irritation on the part of the recipient and frequently leads to an answering letter for more definite information. Inferior letters are not confined to the uneducated and dull; many men who talk smoothly and express themselves clearly enough in words utterly fail to do so with their pens. The reason is plain; they have never been taught, nor made any attempts to reduce their writing to a system. It would be of inestimable value to the world of trade, if thorough instruction in this branch were made a part of the education of those intending to engage in mercantile life.

When we come to social, friendly or general letters, men as a rule fall far beneath women. A man in love can perhaps spoil more paper than his beloved one, but he is acting under strong pressure and can hardly be taken as an example. The average man does not write a bright gossipping letter—his business habits lead him to too much conciseness. Women on the contrary seem especially fitted for the work; they touch upon trifles—things which men deem unworthy of notice—and thereby put into pleasing shape, facts and fancies which give spice and zest to their letters. There is no one accomplishment which women possess which deserves to be rated higher than that of letter writing. It is not to be supposed that women write *only* of trifles; on the contrary they possess special aptitude in their treatment of the better impulses and passions which sway human nature. No love letters are so perfect as those of women, but even in them the little details which man's coarser perceptions fail to note, are all recorded. There are some men, authors and those of literary tastes, who write well, but they, of course, are apart from ordinary men. The business of their lives is writing, and facility of expression, ease and grace come to them by constant study and practice. The published letters of accomplished men and women are models which those really desirous of excellence in writing, should carefully follow. There is no more hope of a person becoming an adept in the art of expression on paper without earnest study, than there is in his acquiring a knowledge of a foreign language without recourse to books of that language.

Young people should be taught the principles of letter writing in schools and colleges; it is of vastly more importance than the many literary odds and ends with which their minds are too often crammed.

Letter writing brings its own reward and is doubly pleasing; to him who writes and him who receives. An ill worded, badly framed conglomeration of words is a production neither creditable nor pleasurable, and only worthy a place in the waste basket.

MARRIAGES.

ERNESTBERGER—MORRIS—On the 26th inst., at Centralia by C. G. Murphy, Esq., Mr. Bernard Ernestberger and Miss Anna Morris, both of Centralia, Columbia county.

POTTER—HENRY—On the 21st inst., at Orangeville, by Rev. N. Spear, Mr. Henry J. Potter to Miss Agnes J. Henry, all of Col. co., Pa.

DEATHS.

RICHART—In Orangeville, on the 21st inst., Mrs. Jane Richart, aged 77 years and 10 mos.

HAUCK—In Beaver twp., on the 11th inst., Peter Hauck, aged 79 years.

ROBERTS—In Beaver twp., on the 15th inst., Josh ua Roberts, aged about 70 years.

SHELLHAMMER—In Beaver twp., on the 8th inst., the wife of Simon Shellhammer, aged nearly 80 years.

STALEY—On the 21st inst., in Fishingercek twp., Sarah A. Staley, aged 3 years, 4 months and 13 days.

MARKET REPORTS.

Bloomsburg Market.

Wheat per bushel	$1.55
Rye "	90
Corn "	90
Oats, "	45
Flour per barrel	8 00
Cloverseed	5 50
Flaxseed	1 90
Butter	30
Eggs	25
Tallow	10
Potatoes	50
Dried Apples	10
Hams	17
Sides and Shoulders	13
Lard per pound	16
Hay per ton	25 00

SPECIAL NOTICES.

WANTED.—A strong, active girl to do house work. Apply at this office.

KENTUCKY jean at I. W. Hartman's, 3 yards for 50 cents.

CLEAN coal, free from slate, can always be had of J. J. Robbins, Columbia Iron Works.

I. W. Hartman sells calico by the pound for 50 cents.

WE call attention to the spring goods advertised by M. P. Lutz in another column.

JAPANESE silks, Irish poplins, Dolly Varden wrapper goods, &c., &c., just received at I. W. Hartman's.

FOR loss of cud, horn ail, red water in cows, loss of appetite, rot, or murrain in sheep; thick wind, broken wind, and roaring, and for all obstructions of the kidneys in horses use *Sheridan's Cavalry Condition Powders.*

THE undersigned will open a Select School on the 8th of April in the New Public School Building on Fifth Street, to continue twelve weeks. For particulars refer to circular or any of the teachers. F. M. BATES.
mch29'72 2w.

OUR Merchants, before ordering their spring stock from New York, should read the advertisement of Eastman, Bigelow & Dayton, in another column. Their stock is one of the very best. They import direct, and offer every inducement to purchasers.

ALSTATT keeps the best of music and instruments of all kinds. Call on him. Court House alley.

SOMETHING NEW.—C. C. Marr has just received a lot Ladies', Misses and childs' under garments, such as chemises drawers, skirts and night gowns. Also infants' dresses very cheap for cash.

WASH Poplins at I. W. Hartman's for 16 cts per yard.

AN Irishman called at a drug store to get a bottle of *Johnson's Anodyne Liniment* for the Rheumatism; the druggist asked him in what part of the body it troubled him most. "Be me soul," said he, "I have it in ivery houl and corner of me."

Mr. James Cadman having opened his new furniture warerooms, is prepared to furnish the citizens of the county with the best of furniture of the most approved styles.

TIMOTHY seed at I. W. Hartman's.

THE subscriber would inform his friends and the public that he has removed his tailoring establishment to the rooms over Rosenstock's Confectionery, Main Street. An unusually fine assortment of Spring goods, cloths cassimeres &c. now on hand. A fair share of patronage is solicited.
2t WILLIAM MORRIS.

FOR RENT.—Two rooms over J. H. Maize's Grocery, opposite Brown's Hotel, suitable for office or Tailor Shop. Apply to J. H. Maize. no12t2

FOR RENT.—Two fine rooms over the office of Robert F. Clark, on Main St. Apply to Mrs. W. H. Ent, opposite the Forks Hotel. 4t

AARON WOLFE will offer at public sale a fine lot of Horses, on the 30th of March, in this town. Lovers of good horses will take notice. no12t2

THE next term of Third Street Graded School will commence on Monday, April the 1st, by E. W. Wynkoop. no12w3

THE Hall in the fourth story of Browers building can be rented for the purpose of a Town Hall. It will hold Five Hundred persons and has in it a first-class Mason & Hamlin Cabinet Organ. Parties desiring to rent can do so by applying to R. H. RINGLER,
ROBERT ROAN,
K. C. ENT,
Committee.
no12w4

BROWN & JONES.—Who are they—They are an enterprising young firm lately established in Catawissa and from the astonishing amount of Dry Goods they sell it evident that the people are attracted by their low prices. They are in constant receipt of fresh goods from New York. They sell only for cash, giving the buyer every possible advantage derived from this plan. A visit to their store will convince the reader of these facts. n4-tf.

DEAD MEN TELL NO TALES: If they did, anathemas against the depleting lancet, the drastic purge, and the terrible salivants of the materia medica, would arise from every graveyard. The motto of modern medical science is "Preserve and Regulate, not destroy," and no remedy of our day is so entirely in harmony with this philanthropic logic as DR. WALKER'S VEGETABLE VINEGAR BITTERS. In this powerful, yet harmless restorative, dyspepsia, bilious complaints, and all diseases of the stomach, liver, bowels and nerves, encounter an irresistible antidote. 4w.

Progress of the Revolution.—A new light dawned upon the world with the introduction of PLANTATION BITTERS twelve years ago. Drastic purgation went out—restoration and renovation came in. The eyes of the people were opened to the great fact that the way to cure disease is to strengthen and support its victims, not to place them at its mercy by depriving them of the little strength they have. It soon became evident that as a means of infusing vitality into the feeble system, regulating the secretions, curing indigestion, and reforming a bilious habit of body, no medicinal preparation then known was at all comparable to the new restorative. Since then hundreds of attempts have been made to rival the Bitters. They have all failed, and the GRAND REVOLUTION IN MEDICAL TREATMENT, which was commenced in 1860, is still in progress. Nothing can stop it, for it is founded on the principle, now universally acknowledged, that physical vigor is the most formidable antagonist of all human ailments, and experience has shown that PLANTATION BITTERS is a peerless invigorant, as well as the best possible safeguard against epidemic diseases.

WHAT DYSPEPSIA MAY END IN.—Indigestion is not dangerous, say the faculty. Perhaps not in itself, while it remains mere indigestion; but look at the consequences to which it may lead, and often does lead when it becomes a chronic disease. A spark of fire is a small thing. A pressure of the foot will put it out; a breath will extinguish it. Yet it may fire a powder mill, or kindle a flame that will consume a city. In like manner indigestion may produce gastritis, cancer of the stomach, congestion of the bowels, apoplexy, liver disease, and many other dangerous maladies. Is it not wise then, to check it in the germ? Nothing is more clearly and indisputably established than that Hostetter's Stomach Bitters will eradicate dyspepsia in all its stages. The true policy, however, is to extinguish it in the first stages with this wholesome, powerful, and infallible tonic and alterative. It is easier to quench a spark than a flame, and it is easier to cure dyspepsia when it is first developed, than when it has made headway by neglect, and become complicated with other ailments. There is not the shadow of a doubt that the bitters are as directly antagonistic to dyspepsia as water is to fire. There are thousand of cases on record proving this fact. The remedy is safe and agreeable. All the liquors of commerce prescribed as stimulants leave a sting behind. But the sting is taken out of the spirituous basis of this great remedy by vegetable mediation, and moreover, the stimulant thus medicated is of exceptional purity. Of all tonics taken as safeguards or remedies for fever and ague, bilious remittents, and other epidemics, it is the only one that can uniformly be depended on.

ERRORS OF YOUTH.

Every nervous Young Man in the Union, will receive, free, a Recipe that will prove a blessing through life, by addressing, in confidence,
JOHN B. OGDEN,
Box 5172 P. O. 42 Cedar St., N. Y.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.
ESTATE OF THOMAS ROACH, DEC'D.

Letters of Administration on the estate of Thomas Roach, late of Roaring Creek twp., Columbia county, deceased, have been granted by the Register of said county to Peter Swank, of Locust twp. All persons having claims against the estate of the decedent are requested to present them for settlement, and those indebted to the estate to make payment to the undersigned administrator without delay.
PETER SWANK,
feb.28'72-6w. Administrator.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.
ESTATE OF SARAH WHITENIGHT, DEC'D.

Letters of administration on the estate of Sarah Whitenight, late of Mt. Pleasant township, Columbia county, deceased, have been granted by the Register of said county to C. W. Miller, of Bloomsburg. All persons having claims against the estate of the decedent are requested to present them for settlement and those indebted to the estate to make payment to the undersigned, administrator, without delay.
C. W. MILLER,
feb2972—6t. Administrator.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.
ESTATE OF SAMUEL BLANK, DEC'D.

The undersigned appointed auditor to distribute the funds in the hands of M.E Jackson, esq., trustee, to and amongst the persons entitled to said shares therein, will meet the parties interested at the office of M. E. Jackson, esq., in Berwick on Saturday, April 27th at one o'clock p. m., for the purpose of making such distribution; when and where all persons are required to appear and make their claims or be forever debarred from coming in for a share of said fund.
JOHN G. FREEZE,
mch15'72-5t. Auditor.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

The undersigned, auditor appointed by the Orphans' Court of Columbia county, on exceptions to the account of Sylvester J. Faux, administrator of Godworthy Fisher, late of said county, deceased, will proceed to the discharge of the duties of his appointment at the office of the Sheriff, in the Court House, in Bloomsburg, on Friday, the 26th day of April, 1872, at 10 o'clock, p. m., when and where all persons interested may attend if they think proper.
W. WIRT,
March 15, 1872-4t. Auditor.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.
ESTATE OF JOHN WAMPOLE, DEC'D.

The undersigned appointed by the Orphans' Court of Columbia county, Auditor, to make distribution of the balance in the hands of the Administrator of said decedent, as per his account filed, to the parties entitled to receive the same, will meet the parties interested for the purpose of his appointment, at the office of John G. Freeze, Esq., in Bloomsburg, on Saturday, the 6th day of April, A. D. 1872, at 10 o'clock a. m. All persons having claims against the estate are required to present them or be forever debarred from coming in for a part of the said fund.
B. FRANK ZARR,
mch872-5t Auditor.

COLUMBIA COUNTY, SS:

In the Orphans' Court of Columbia county, in the matter of the partition and valuation of the Estate of Philip Miller late of Centre township, deceased. To Cyrus Webb, Thayer, Neosha County, Kansas, take notice that an Inquest will be held at the late dwelling house of a Philip Miller, deceased, in the township of Centre, Columbia county, on Thursday, the fourth day of April, 1872, between the hours of 9 o'clock, a. m., and 4 p. m., of said day, for the purpose of making partition of the Real Estate of said deceased, to and among his children and legal representatives, if the same can be done without prejudice to or spoiling of the whole, otherwise to value and appraise the same according to law, at which time and place you are required to attend if you think proper.
AARON SMITH, Sheriff.
SHERIFF'S OFFICE,
BLOOMSBURG, March 1, 1872. } mch872-3t

PATENT

ARION PIANO.

The only *perfect* Instrument in the World. It is *unequalled* in Richness, Power, Brilliancy and Durability. Special terms to Teachers. Marked favors to Clergymen. Send for Illustrated Arion Pamphlet.
C. W. FOSTER General Agent.
mar 1071—tf.] MAUCH CHUNK, PA.

GREENWOOD SEMINARY,
AT MILLVILLE, COL. CO., PA.

The Spring Term will commence on **Monday, April 1st, 1872.** Work, henceforth from the middle of June, to the 8th of August, when the Fall Term will open. Eleven weeks make a quarter.
For Circulars, Boarding, Terms, Tuition or other particulars, address
WM. BURGESS,
feb972-2m Principal.

A BOOK FOR FARMERS.
"The ART of TAMING HORSES."

Explaining how to break, saddle and mount a colt, how to break a horse to harness, to make a horse lie down, follow you, and stand without holding, also, valuable receipts for diseases Agents wanted, best terms.
W. R. CHARTER, 613 Sansom St., Philad'a.
n19-4w

BOOK AGENTS WANTED.

I desire to secure the services of a few more experienced agents, School Teachers and energetic men, to solicit for a new, popular and beautifully illustrated work, which is proven to be one of the best selling books in the market. For descriptive circular with sample pages, terms, &c., address, H. C. JOHNSON, Publisher, 628 Arch St., Philadelphia. n19-4w

AGENTS WANTED FOR
"JESUS"
BY CHARLES F. DEEMS, D. D.

He divinely exhibited and fascinated Prelate, the most popular and rapidly-selling Religious work ever issued. For Circulars, address U. S. PUBLISHING CO. N. Y. Cincinnati, Chicago or St. Louis.

GIVEN AWAY
TO ANY BOOK AGENT,
A $5,00 GREENBACK
and a specimen of the
GREAT INDUSTRIES
OF THE UNITED STATES.
1320 PAGES AND 500 ENGRAVINGS—PRINTED IN ENGLISH AND GERMAN.

Written by 20 Eminent Authors, Including HORACE GREELEY AND JOHN B. GOUGH.

Agents wanted in every town to solicit orders for this work, on liberal terms. It sells to all classes, and no library should be without it. It is a complete history of all branches of industry, processes of manufactures, etc. No like work ever published. One agent sold 18 in eight days, another 125 in one week, another 203 in two weeks. An early application will secure a choice in territory. For particulars and terms address the publishers, J. C. McCURDY & CO., Philadelphia, Pa.

WANTED AGENTS,
$80 to $200 per month, by selling
Great FORTUNES!
AND HOW THEY WERE MADE; OR THE STRUGGLES AND TRIUMPHS OF OUR SELF-MADE MEN, by J. B. McCabe, Jr.

It shows how energy, talent and patient industry have always met with success when properly exerted, and by forty eminent examples, teaches how to succeed in life, and at the same time benefit mankind. Send for particulars, notices of the press and extra terms, free.

Nearly ready! A new book from the pen of DIO LEWIS, America's most popular lecturer and writer on health.

The world-wide reputation of the author, and the large sale of all his previous works, cannot fail to secure an immense demand for this, his latest and best.
n19-4w GEO. MACLEAN, Publisher, Philadel'a.

BUSINESS CARDS,
VISITING CARDS,
LETTER HEADS,
BILL HEADS,
PROGRAMMES,
POSTERS,
&c., &c.
Neatly and Cheaply Printed
From the Latest Styles of Type at the
COLUMBIAN OFFICE

REMOVAL!!

I. W. NILES',

MUSIC WAREROOMS

have been removed to the

NEW BRICK BUILDING

OPPOSITE the EPISCOPAL CHURCH, MAIN St.

Where he will keep a general assortment of

THE LATEST SHEET MUSIC,

PIANOS, ORGANS, VIOLINS,

and all KINDS OF MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS.

Also MUSIC BOOKS for all INSTRUMENTS.

PIANO AND ORGAN STOOLS ALL STYLES AND PRICES.

THE SHOEMAKER PIANO

is the cheapest First Class Piano in the market.

Having secured the Agency of the

GEO. WOODS' RENOWNED ORGANS,

for Columbia County, together with the

CELEBRATED TEMPLE ANGELIC,

furnishes advantages to purchasers not found elsewhere.

STATIONARY OF ALL KINDS.

A full assortment of

SQUARE AND OVAL FRAMEES,

all styles and prices constgully on hadd.

STEEL EGRAVINGS, CHROMOS & COLORED PRINTS, STEREOSCOPES AND VIEWS.

Call and examine. mch872-6m.

NEW DRUG STORE.

CHRIS. A. KLEIM

Having purchased the business of E. P. Lutz now offers at the old stand, a choice assortment of

DRUGS,

CHEMICALS,

PATENT MEDICINES,

TOILET ARTICLES,

FANCY SOAPS,

BRUSHES, &c., &c.

And a general assortment of the choicest goods usually found in first class establishments.

Physicians' Prescriptions and Family Recipes Carefully Compounded.

On Sundays, open from 8 a. m., to 10 a. m., and from 2 p. m., to 4 p. m.

GERMAN AND ENGLISH SPOKEN.

feb 9'72-1f

ANNOUNCEMENT!

THE BLOOMSBURG LITERARY INSTITUTE
AND
STATE NORMAL SCHOOL
will open on
MONDAY, JANUARY 8th, 1872,
under the entire control of the
BOARD OF TRUSTEES.

They have selected as Principal of the Institution
CHARLES G. BARKLEY,

a gentleman whose qualifications have been fully tested and proved in the NINE YEARS in which he has had charge of the schools of the County as Superintendent; and they ask and have a right to demand for him and the Institution, the confidence and support of our own citizens, and of the friends of the enterprise and of education everywhere. In point of comfort, convenience and beauty of buildings and surroundings, no school in the State surpasses this; and we are determined it shall not be second to the kind, quality and thoroughness of its discipline and culture.

The winter session of twelve weeks will commence on
Monday, January 8th, 1872,
and close
MARCH 28th.

The Spring session of twelve weeks will begin
MONDAY, APRIL 8TH,
and close
JUNE 28TH.

EXPENSES:

Tuition and Boarding, including washing and bedding, for the session of twelve weeks, $60 00.

ACADEMIC DEPARTMENT.

Tuition for day pupils, one dollar per week. In the model school, from fifty to eighty cents per week. Music, Drawing, Painting, &c., extra. Other half at the middle of the session.

J. G. FREEZE, Secretary. L. B. RUPERT, President.

1872. 1872.

EYRE & LANDELL,
FOURTH AND ARCH STS., PHILADELPHIA.
DEALERS IN
FINE DRY GOODS!!!
Established in 1840.

Fine SILKS,
Fine SHAWLS,
WHITE GOODS,
BLACK GOODS,
DRESS GOODS,
LINEN GOODS,
WOOLEN GOODS,
Good FLANNELS,
Fine HOSIERY,
Best GLOVES—only.
15,000 GOOD BLACK SILKS.
Wholesale and Retail.
march1'72-6t

TO BOOK AGENTS.
MARK TWAIN'S NEW BOOK,
"ROUGHING IT,"
is ready for Canvassers. No book is looked for more impatiently than this, and agents will do well to get territory for it as early as possible. Apply for Circulars and terms to
DUFFIELD ASHMEAD, Publisher,
711 Sansom St., Philadelphia.

HOLLIDAYSBURG, PA., SEMINARY.
Rev. JOSEPH WAUGH, Principal.
Spring Term Begins April 1st.
Successful, Thorough, Economical, Healthful.

Duff's College.

The oldest and most reliable Institution for obtaining a Mercantile Education. Practical business men as Instructors. For information, write for a circular to P. DUFF & SONS, Pittsburgh, Pa.

Cheap Farms! Free Homes!
ON THE LINE OF THE
UNION PACIFIC RAILROAD.
A LAND GRANT OF
12,000,000 ACRES
IN THE
BEST FARMING AND MINERAL LANDS IN AMERICA.
3,000,000 ACRES IN NEBRASKA
IN THE
GREAT PLATTE VALLEY,
The Garden of the West,
NOW FOR SALE!

These lands are in the central portion of the United States, on the 41st degree of North Latitude, the central line of the great Temperate Zone of the American Continent, and for grain growing and stock raising unsurpassed by any in the United States.

CHEAPER IN PRICE, more favorable terms given, and more convenient to market than can be found elsewhere.

FREE HOMESTEADS FOR ACTUAL SETTLERS.

The Best Locations for Colonies.

Soldiers entitled to a homestead of 160 acres.

Free Passes to Purchasers of Land.

Send for the new Descriptive Pamphlet, with new ma

Agricultural.

Gapes in Chickens.

As before long young Spring chickens will be on hand, we bring forward the most successful remedy, as a preventive, which some of our prominent poultry-raisers tell us they have fully tested, viz: keeping them while young on the barn-floor or other well-sheltered place, where they will be under perfect control, and prevented from running out in wet grass.—Young chickens so protected are seldom troubled with the gapes; and where there is a roof over them, and a warm southern exposure, admitting sun and light, but keeping out cold winds and sudden changes of weather, they begin early and continue thriving, without having any back sets. They get exercise without exposure. In fact, young chickens are like young plants or trees. Continuous thrift should be the word; no interruption. If stunted or checked in growth by unfavorable surroundings, they seldom recover their proper status, and both plants and animals under such circumstances, are more liable to attacks of insects and diseases.

The gapes, so-called, are the most fatal enemy to poultry, because attacking them when very young and least able to resist. How the nit from which the worm is hatched, finds its way into the trachea, or when deposited there, seems to be undetermined; but bringing them up on a barn-floor, where a narrow board will exclude them from getting out, and where sun and air can be admitted, seems a preventive, so far as we can hear, and will answer the purpose on farms where there is no regular poultry-house with glass front and roof.

How Money is Made by Farming

Much labor is done on farms, that is not farming in its true sense. By such labor no money is ever made. A man may support himself and his family, keep out of debt, and have a few dollars in his pocket by practising the most stringent economy. If he is otherwise than industrious and sober, he is on the down grade with loose brakes, and the end is soon reached. But farming in its true sense is a profession equal to that of the law or medicine, and needs equal study, mental capacity, and intelligently directed labor to command success in it. The principles which underlie the practice of the true farmer must be well understood, and a steady, consistent course of operations must be followed. Having thoroughly learned the nature and capacity of the soil he possesses, and chosen the rotation most suitable, and the stock to be most profitably kept on it, he does not swerve from his course, but in good markets and bad raises his regular crops, and keeps his land in regularly increasing fertility. No special cry tempts or affrights him. He does not talk dairy this season or crops the next, but doubtless, if any particular product be in demand and bring a good price, he has some of it to sell and reaps a share of the advantage. He saves as much money as some men make by care and economy in purchasing and preserving tools, seeds, manures, and machines, and his business habits and constant readiness for all occasions give him reasonable security against the effects of adverse seasons and bad weather. Always prepared, he is never too late, and always calm, he is never too soon, and thus, "taking time by the forelock," he has the stern old tyrant at his command, and turns him at his will. He has no losses, and his gains are steady.

The Farmer's Club.

The club is to the farmer, old or young, a school. He is learning all the time how to express his views clearly. The views of his neighbors draw out new thoughts and expressions. Lawyers gain strength by long years of study and then by practice at the bar. The young lawyer making his first speech is as miserable and as awkward as the young farmer making his first public effort. The lawyer's business compels him to swallow embarrassment and annoyance, and goads him on to effort upon effort. The young farmer, not feeling the necessity for this, makes no further venture. The lawyer goes on and becomes famous as a good talker, and a fine reasoner. The same practice would have made the young farmer as good a talker, and a stronger, more efficient worker in his field of duty. The experiences of well educated farmers, bring this skill and strength. We advise the organization of township clubs on the simplest plan. Arrange the meetings to suit the convenience of all parties, and let the attendance be as regular as church going. —*American Farm Journal.*

Pigs.

Young, growing pigs should have aboundance of nutritious food, and warm dry, comfortable quarters. Feed three times a day, and as much as, and no more than, they will eat up clean. Our own plan is to cook the food, half-corn-meal and half bran, and feed warm. Our breeding sows at this season get nothing but bran soaked in water, and we do not give them quite all they will eat, fed twice a day. We soak the bran in warm water about twelve hours, and get some of the milky water out of the bran to mix with the cooked food for the little pigs. The bran is still nutritious enough for old sows that have nothing to do but live, while the young, growing pigs need as much easily disgested, nutritious food as they can assimilate. Pigs well littered make a great quantity of manure. We clean out the wet and soiled part of the bed every day, and put in a little fresh straw. The butts of cornstalks, left by the sheep and cattle, we put into pig-pens at the bottom of the pen and cover them with straw. They serve to keep the pen dry and save much straw. When pigs are shut up it is exceedingly important to have the pens well ventilated.—*Ex.*

Asparagus.

Sow early in Spring, in rich soil, in drills a foot apart, and one inch deep, thinning the plants to 3 inches apart in the rows; when one or two years old transplant to well-trenched and enriched ground planting in beds 4 feet wide, with path 2 feet wide between, and setting plants 1 foot apart each way and 4 inches deep; late in the Fall mow off the tops and cover the beds deeply with manure, which fork in early in the Spring and give a good dressing of salt; allow two seasons of growth before cutting from the bed.

Young Folks.

Just for Fun.

It was rather a favorable excuse with Willie Goodwin, whenever he was deep in mischief or had to plead guilty when accused of some boyish scrape, that it was done just for fun.

Many a time he resolved to try to be more orderly and let boyish pranks alone, but the next prospect of fun would banish all his good resolutions, until the penalty recalled him again. He was nearly fifteen when the tragedy I am about to tell you sobered him for life. He was a middle-aged man when he told me the story, but even then he could not speak without emotion of his last piece of "fun."

"We had been out for a walk," he told me, "Frankie Ford, Tom Lee and I, and were coming home at twilight when we met Sammy Willets, who was rather a favorite butt for teasing with all the boys. He was a very timid, rather sickly boy of fourteen, peevish and easily irritated, and the rougher, stronger boys said a coward. As soon as we saw him coming the spirit of mischief seemed to possess us all, and each one planned how to tease the poor, timid boy.

"'Let's hide and jump at him,' one suggested.

"'Let's tell him his house is on fire, and see him run,' cried another.

"'I'll tell you what we'll do,' I said. 'We'll coax him down to Ruthland's barn for a game of romps, and shut him up!'

"Ruthland's barn was a large barn standing alone at some distance from any other building. The farm house to which it had belonged had been destroyed by fire, and the great barn had been left standing when Ruthland deserted the place and went West. It was a favorite play-room for all the village boys, who spent long Saturday afternoons in it, making it a gymnasium and recitation hall, as occasion required.

"Although it was twilight, the summer evenings were long, and Sammy was not surprised to be told we were going to Ruthland's barn for an hour of play before bed-time. He was quite willing to join us, and we were soon in the old barn, making it ring with our shouts and laughter.

"The hour passed rapidly, and it was getting quite dark, when we sent Sammy into the hay-loft on some errand, ran out ourselves, and drew the big doors after us. It was harder work to fasten them with the rusty iron latch, but we accomplished this too, and then ran off.

"Just as we were at the edge of the field we heard one fearful scream, but we only hurried on, laughing at the thought of Sammy's discomfiture.

"I must say, in our defence, that passing one night in the old barn would have been no great misfortune to any of us. We were all hardy, country boys full of life and health, free from superstitious or morbid fears, and we could none of us realize what the dark loneliness was to a timid, sickly boy with rather a weak mind.

"It must have been after midnight when we were aroused at home by a violet knocking at the door. My father spoke from the window, asking what was wanted, and I heard our neighbor, Mr. Willets, asking anxiously:

"'Is Sammy here?'

"'No. Is he not at home?'

"'He has not been home since sunset. I am very much worried, because he is not well.'

"'I'll ask Willie if he has seen him.' "In another moment father was by my bed, and I told him where they would find Sammy. Never shall I forget the father's cry of horror:

"'It will kill him! My poor, timid boy. He is afraid of the dark, and the doctor has told us we must humor him, because he is not strong enough to bear fright. Will you go with me, Mr. Goodwin?'

"I was dressing as rapidly as I could, and was by my father's side when he lighted a lantern and joined Mr. Willets.

"'Let me go,' I begged. 'I never meant to hurt him. I would n't mind staying there all night a bit, and I did not think it would really hurt him. Oh! sir, do you think it will kill him? It was all a joke, just for fun.'

"'God forgive you, boy,' he answered me in a choked voice. 'I am afraid it will be dear fun for us all. Sammy, my poor boy! Who will tell his mother if harm has come to him? Our only son—our poor, sickly boy!'

"So he lamented as we hurried across the fields, every word increasing my terror and remorse. It was my proposal, and I felt myself the only guilty one, though the others had helped me carry out the cruel joke that seemed anything but fun now. We reached the barn at last, and undid the heavy fastenings of the the door. Mr. Willets called his boy by name every moment, but no answer came. It seemed to me hours before the heavy doors swung back. One of them would not open wide, and, looking for the cause, we found poor Sammy, white and senseless, lying on the floor behind it. His father lifted him.

"'He is not dead,' he said. 'Can we get water?'

"I hurried to the well and brought water, but the boy was too far gone for that. Oh! the long distance it seemed to Mr. Willets', and beyond that to the doctor's, where I ran at once. Never shall I forget the face of Sammy's mother as she took the boy's face in her hands and looked into it. It was so white and still I dared scarcely believe he really lived as I hurried to the doctor's. He did live, recovering his health after a long, dangerous illness; but his mind was gone forever. Some fright in those lonely hours of darkness gave a shock to the weak mind that was never cured, and he lived only to be an idiot.

"It is some years now since we laid him in his quiet grave, the victim of a boyish prank. I tell you it was the last piece of mischief I ever did 'just for fun.'

A little boy a few days ago visited his cousin, taking his little dog along. At dinner the cousin manifested his hospitality by giving the dog a bit of ment from his fork, and was about to go on with his own dinner, when his sister checked him, saying, "You wouldn't eat after a dog would you?" "Why, yes, after such a nice one," said he, and appealed to his visitor, who had not noticed the performance. "Harold, wouldn't you eat after your dog?" "No, I guess not; there wouldn't be much left for me to eat, if I did."

Patent Medicines.

AN APPEAL

To Debilitated Persons,
To Dyspeptics,
To Sufferers from Liver Complaint,
To those having no Appetite,
To those with Broken Down Constitutions,
To Nervous people,
To Children Wasting Away,
To any with Debilitated Digestive Organs,

Or suffering with any of the following Symptoms, which indicate Disordered Liver or Stomach,

such as Constipation, Inward Piles, Fulness or Blood to the Head, Acidity of the Stomach, Nausea, Heartburn, Disgust for Food, Sour Eructations, Sinking or Fluttering at the Pit of the Stomach, Swimming of the Head, Hurried and Difficult Breathing, Fluttering at the Heart, Choking or Suffocating Sensations when in a Lying Posture, Dimness of Vision, Dots or Webs before the sight, Fever and dull pain in the head, Deficiency of Perspiration, Yellowness of the Skin and Eyes, Pain in the Side, Back, Chest, Limbs, &c., Sudden Flushes of Heat, Burning in the Flesh, Constant imaginings of Evil, and great Depression of Spirits.

HOOFLAND'S GERMAN BITTERS.

A Bitters without Alcohol or Spirits of any kind,

Is different from all others. It is composed of the pure Juices, or *Vital Principle of Roots, Herbs,* and *Barks,* (or as medicinally termed Extracts,) the worthless or inert portions of the ingredients not being used. Therefore in one Bottle of this Bitters there is contained as much medicinal virtue as will be found in several gallons of ordinary mixtures. The Roots, &c., used in this Bitters are grown in Germany, their vital principles extracted in that country by a scientific Chemist, and forwarded to the manufactory in this city, where they are compounded and bottled. Containing no spirits or alcohol, this Bitters is free from the objections urged against all others: no desire for stimulants can be induced from their use, they cannot make drunkards, and cannot under any circumstances, have any but a beneficial effect.

HOOFLAND'S GERMAN TONIC,

Was compounded for those not inclined to extreme bitters, and is intended for use in cases when some alcoholic stimulant is required in connection with the Tonic properties of the Bitters. Each bottle of the Tonic contains one bottle of the Bitters, combined with pure SANTA CRUZ RUM, and flavored in such a manner that the extreme bitterness of the bitters is overcome, forming a preparation highly agreeable and pleasant to the palate, and containing the medicinal virtues of the Bitters. The price of the Tonic is $1.50 per Bottle which many persons think too high. They must take into consideration that the stimulant used is guaranteed to be of a pure quality. A poor article could be furnished at a cheaper price, but is it not better to pay a little extra and have a good article? A medicinal preparation should contain none but the best ingredients; and they who expect to obtain a cheap compound, and be benefited by it will most certainly be cheated.

HOOFLAND'S GERMAN BITTERS,
OR
HOOFLAND'S GERMAN TONIC,
WITH
HOOFLAND'S PODOPHYLLIN PILL,
WILL CURE YOU.
They are the Greatest
BLOOD PURIFIERS

Known to the Medical world, and will eradicate diseases arising from impure blood, Debility of the Digestive Organs, or diseased Liver, in a shorter time than any other known remedies.

The whole SUPREME COURT of Pennsylvania
SPEAK FOR THESE REMEDIES.
Who would ask for more Dignified and Stronger Testimony?

Hon. GEORGE W. WOODWARD, *former Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of Pennsylvania, a present Member of Congress from Pennsylvania writes:*

PHILADELPHIA, March 16th, 1867.

I find "Hoofland's German Bitters" is a good tonic, useful in diseases of the digestive organs, and of great benefit in cases of debility and want of action in the system. Yours truly
GEORGE W. WOODWARD.

Hon. JAMES THOMSON, *Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of Pennsylvania.*

PHILADELPHIA, April 28, 1867.

I consider "Hoofland's German Bitters" a valuable medicine in case of attacks of Indigestion or Dyspepsia. I can certify this from my experience of it. Yours, with respect,
JAMES THOMSON.

Hon. GEORGE SHARSWOOD, *Justice of the Supreme Court of Pennsylvania.*

PHILADELPHIA, June 1, 1868.

I have found by experience that "Hoofland's German Bitters" is a very good tonic, relieving dyspeptic symptoms almost directly.
GEORGE SHARSWOOD.

Hon. Wm. F. Rogers, *Mayor of the City of Buffalo. N. Y.*

Mayor's Office, Buffalo, June 22, 1869.

I have used "Hoofland's German Bitters and Tonic" in my family during the past year, and can recommend them as an excellent tonic, imparting tone and vigor to the system. Their use has been productive of decidedly beneficial effects. WM. F. ROGERS.

Hon. James M. Wood, *Ex-Mayor of Williamsport Pa.*

I take great pleasure in recommending "Hoofland's German Tonic" to any one who may be afflicted with Dyspepsia. I had the Dyspepsia so badly it was impossible to keep my food in my stomach, and I became so weak as not to be able to walk half a mile. Two bottles of Tonic effected a perfect cure. JAMES M. WOOD.

REMEMBER
THAT
HOOFLAND'S GERMAN BITTERS,
AND
HOOFLAND'S GERMAN TONIC
Will Cure every case of
MARASMUS,
Or Wasting away of the Body.

REMEMBER
THAT
HOOFLAND'S GERMAN REMEDIES
Are the medicines you require to purify the Blood, excite the torpid Liver to healthy action, and to enable you to pass safely through any hardships or exposure.

DR. HOOFLAND'S
PODOPHYLLIN,
OR
SUBSTITUTE FOR MERCURY PILLS.
TWO PILLS A DOSE.
The most Powerful, Yet Innocent, Vegetable Cathartic known.

It is not necessary to take a handfull of these Pills to produce the desired effect; two of them act (in safety and powerfully, cleansing the Liver, Stomach and Bowels of all impurities. The principle ingredient is Podophyllin, or the Alcoholic Extract of Mandrake, which is by many times more powerful, acting and searching than the Mandrake itself. Its peculiar action is upon the Liver, cleaning it speedily from all obstructions, with all the power of Mercury, yet free from the injurious results attached to the use of that mineral.

For all diseases in which the use of a cathartic is indicated, these pills will give entire satisfaction in every case. They NEVER FAIL.

In cases of Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia and extreme costiveness, Dr. Hoofland's German Bitters or Tonic should be used in connection with the Pills. The tonic effect of the Bitters or Tonic builds up the system. The Bitters or Tonic purifies the Blood, strengthens the Nerves, assimulates the Liver, and gives strength, energy and vigor.

Keep your Bowels active with the Pills, and tone up the system with Bitters or Tonic, and no disease can retain the hold, or even assail you.

Recollect that it is DR. HOOFLAND'S GERMAN Remedies that are so universally used and highly recommended; and do not allow the Druggist to induce you to take anything that he may say is just as good, because he makes a larger profit on it.

These Remedies will be sent by express to any locality, upon application to the PRINCIPAL OFFICE, at the GERMAN MEDICINE STORE, 631 Arch St., Philadelphia.

CHAS. M. EVANS, Proprietor.

These Remedies are for sale by Druggists Storekeepers, and Medicine Dealers Very Where

Miscellaneous.

HEAD QUARTERS
FOR
BOOTS, SHOES AND GAITERS,
IS AT
E. M. KNORR'S
CHEAPEST AD BEST
The County Affords
AT
CASH PRICES
LOOK OUT FOR BARGAINS
IN BOOTS AND SHOES THIS FALL,
Come and Examine
Before Purchasing Elsewhere,
E. M. KNORR,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
September 8 1871-tf.

A. J. EVANS.
READY MADE
AND
CUSTOM MADE
CLOTHING.
HE HAS THE
FINEST GOODS, LATEST STYLES
AND EMPLOYS THE
BEST WORKMEN.

For good fits and promptness in filling orders there is the place to go.

His goods are selected with care and his Custom Work will compare favorably with the best efforts of the fashionable city Dealer.

HE KEEPS A LARGE STOCK OF
BOYS' AND CHILDREN'S CLOTHING
AND
GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS,
At Astonishingly Low Prices.
Bloomsburg, Sept. 29, 1871-tf

JOHN G. JACOBY'S
BAKERY AND CONFECTIONERY!
BERWICK, PENN A.

The undersigned would respectfully inform the Citizens of Berwick, and vicinity, that he has opened a Confectionery and Bakery in
ODD FELLOWS' HALL,
Berwick, Pa., where he is prepared to furnish all kinds of
PLAIN AND FANCY CANDIES,
FRENCH CANDIES,
FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC FRUITS
ORANGES, LEMONS, RAISINS
&c., &c., &c., &c.
BY WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

Among the assortment will be found Cream Nuts, English Walnuts, Peanuts, Almonds, Filberts, Figs, Apples, Cocoa Nuts, Jellies of different kinds, Mustard, Catsup, Pickles, Chocolate, Canned Fruit of all kinds, Corn Starch, Egg Biscuit, Soda Crackers, Oyster Crackers, Cheese, Soap, Writing Paper, Agreement Papers, Envelopes,
FISH AND OYSTERS,
And produce of all kinds. Fresh Bread an Cakes every day. Ice Cream in Season, Your patronage is solicited.
JOHN G. JACOBY.
Berwick, Jan 17-1-tf

CARRIAGE MANUFACTORY,
Bloomsburg, Pa.
M. C. SLOAN & BROTHER
Have on hand and for sale at the most reasonable rates a splendid stock of
CARRIAGES, BUGGIES,
and every description of Wagons both
PLAIN AND FANCY
warranted to be made of the best and most durable materials, and by the most experienced workmen. All work sent out from the establishment will be found to be of the highest class and sure to give perfect satisfaction. They have also a fine assortment of
SLEIGHS
of all the newest and most fashionable styles well and carefully made and of the best materials.
An inspection of their work is asked as it is believed that none superior can be found in the country. jan 171

CHOICE FAMILY GROCERIES
DOWN IN PRICE
J. H. MAIZE'S,
Corner Main and Centre Sts.,
BLOOMSBURG.
A new stock of Fresh Goods just opened at MAIZE'S.
Teas, Coffees, Sugars,
SYRUPS and MOLASSES, CHEESE, MEATS.
SALT FISH, etc.
VEGETABLES, HERMETICALLY Sealed Goods.
JELLIES and PRESERVES, PICKLES,
FOREIGN and DOMESTIC FRUITS.
An Elegant Assortment
OF
QUEENSWARE
Constantly on hand.
Also WOOD, WILLOW and GLASSWARE of every variety.
All my goods are of the first quality and at extremely low prices.
dec8'71-tf J. H. MAIZE.

AGENTS Wanted for RICHARDSON'S New Book "The White Chief": Twelve Years among the Wild Indians of the Plains.
The remarkable adventures of the famous WHITE CHIEF and BIG WARRIOR among the Red Skins. Thrilling accounts of Great Hunts, Hair-breadth Escapes and Terrible Conflicts with the big game and hostile tribes. Spirited descriptions of the habits and superstitions of that strange people. Their Sports, Legends, Traditions. How they Woo and Wed. Scalp, Doctor, Worship, &c. New, Fresh and Popular. Price Low. It is selling by the thousands with wonderful rapidity. Agents are making from $50 to $100 per week. Choice field yet vacant. Send at once for sample chapters, Illustrations and particulars to A. H. HUBBARD, Publisher.
jan27'71-tf. 400 Chestnut St., Phila.

Miscellaneous.

MILLER'S STORE.
S. H. MILLER & SON,
have removed their Store to the room formerly occupied by Mendenhall, on Main street, Bloomsburg, nearly opposite the Episcopal Church where they are determined to sell on as moderate terms as can be procured elsewhere. Their stock comprises
LADIES' DRESS GOODS
of the choicest styles and latest fashions, together with a large assortment of Dry Goods and Groceries, consisting of the following articles
Carpets,
Oil Cloths,
Cassimeres,
Shawls,
Flannels,
Silks,
White Goods
Linens,
Hoop Skirts,
Muslins,
Hollowware
Cedarware
Hardware,
Queensware,
Boots and Shoes,
Hats and Caps
Hoop Nets,
Umbrellas,
Looking-Glasses,
Tobacco,
Coffee,
Sugars,
Teas,
Rice,
Allspice,
Ginger,
Cinnamon,
Nutmegs
AND NOTIONS GENERALLY.
In short, everything usually kept in country stores, to which they invite the attention of the public generally. The highest price will be paid for country produce in exchange for goods.
S. H. MILLER & SON,
Bloomsburg Pa.
oct 21'71—tf

NEW STOCK OF CLOTHING.
Fresh arrival of
FALL AND WINTER GOODS
DAVID LOWENBERG
invites attention to his stock of
CHEAP AND FASHIONABLE CLOTHING,
at his store on
Main Street, in Shive's block, one door West of C. C. Marr's store,
Bloomsburg, Pa.,
where he has just received from New York and Philadelphia a full assortment of
MEN AND BOYS' CLOTHING,
including the most fashionable, durable and handsome
DRESS GOODS,
consisting of
BOX, SACK, ROCC, GUM, AND OIL-CLOTH COATS AND PANTS,
of all sorts, sizes and colors. He has also replenished his already large stock of
FALL AND WINTER SHAWLS,
STRIPED, FIGURED, AND PLAIN VESTS
SHIRTS, CRAVATS, STOCKS, COLLARS
HANDKERCHIEFS, GLOVES,
SUSPENDERS, AND FANCY ARTICLES
He can constantly on hand a large and well-selected assortment of
CLOTHS AND VESTINGS,
which he is prepared to make to order into any kind of clothing, on very short notice, and in the best manner. All his clothing is made to wear, and most of it is of home manufacture.
GOLD WATCHES AND JEWELRY,
of every description, fine and cheap. His case of jewelry is not surpassed in this place. Call and examine his general assortment of
CLOTHING, WATCHES JEWELRY, &C.
oct13'71 DAVID LOWENBERG.

ROSADALIS

THE INGREDIENTS THAT COMPOSE ROSADALIS are published on every package, therefore it is not a secret preparation, consequently
PHYSICIANS PRESCRIBE IT
It is a certain cure for Scrofula, Syphilitic in all its forms, Rheumatism, Skin Diseases, Liver Complaint and all diseases of the Blood.
ONE BOTTLE OF ROSADALIS
will do more good than ten bottles of the Syrups of Sarsaparilla.
THE UNDERSIGNED PHYSICIANS
have used Rosadalis in their practice for the past three years and freely endorse it as a reliable Alterative and Blood Purifier.
DR. T. C. PEIN, of Baltimore.
DR. T. J. DAVIS, "
DR. J. H. [illegible], "
DR. P. O. CANNELLY, "
DR. H. S. [illegible], of Nicholasville,
DR. J. L. McCARTHA, Columbia, S. C.
DR. A. S. BOWLES, Edgecomb, N. C.
USED AND ENDORSED BY
J. B. CHURCH & SONS, Fall River, Mass.
C. W. SMITH, Jackson, Mich.
DR. J. [illegible], Xenia, Ohio.
H. HALL, Lynchburg, Va.
DR. [illegible], Charlottesville, Va.
[illegible] & CO., Manchester, Massachusetts.
Everyone will notice the effect of any extended remedies in relation to the Universal Rosadalis Vegetable Medical Compound, and we confidently recommend it to the afflicted as the best remedy they have ever used in the treatment of diseased blood; and to the afflicted we say try Rosadalis, and you will be restored to health.
Rosadalis is sold by all Druggists, price $1.50 per bottle. Address
[illegible] & CO.
Manufacturing Chemists,
BALTIMORE, Md.

BALTIMORE PIANOS.
We respectfully call the attention of those desiring to purchase our make of Pianos. We are satisfied that we can give satisfaction in every case. Our workmen skillful and experienced and are under the personal superintendence of the members of our firm. We use only the best seasoned timber, and the material in general is first class. Our Pianos without exception have the patent agraffes arrangement throughout, which in the opinion of the most competent judges is pronounced valuable. By this improvement a Piano is made more durable and keeps the tone longer. We claim for our instruments that they are not to noise, and they combine all the essential elements that constitute superior workmanship. We will give a written guarantee for five years.
Mr. CONRAD FREIMAN, member of our firm, will visit Bloomsburg four times a year to repair and attend to tuning of all Pianos. In the absence of Mr. FREIMAN, Mr. I. K. MILLER will attend to our business in Bloomsburg and is authorized to receive and solicit orders.
We can give the very best references.
I. K. MILLER, Dealer in Pianos, Organs and Melodeons five octave and five stop organs of the best make, sold at $110. Terms easy. June 23

McKELVY, NEAL & CO.,
DEALERS IN
DRY GOODS,
GROCERIES,
AND
General Merchandise,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
jan26'72-tf

VALUABLE PROPERTY FOR SALE.
The undersigned wishing to retire from business now offers at private sale his entire property situated in Orangeville, consisting of a one-half interest in the well known
FOUNDRY AND AGRICULTURAL WORKS,
together with the Engine, Lathes and other Machinery belonging to the same, also the entire stock now on hand, together with a valuable pair of horses, and the wagons, sleds, Harness, &c. also his town lots on which is erected a good frame dwelling, also, twenty-five acres, known as the Dr. Lott property about ten of which are cleared, the balance timbered.
Prices reasonable. Possession given at any time to suit purchasers. Apply to or address,
WILLIAM SCHUYLER,
oct. 6, 71-tf. Orange ville, Columbia Co

Drugs and Chemicals.

THE CAUSE AND CURE OF CONSUMPTION.
The primary cause of Consumption is derangement of the digestive organs. This derangement produces deficient nutrition and assimilation. By assimilation I mean that process by which the nutriment of the food is converted into blood, and thence into the solids of the body. Persons with digestion thus impaired, having the slightest predisposition to pulmonary disease, or if they take cold, will be very liable to have Consumption of the lungs in some of its forms; and I hold that it will be impossible to cure any case of Consumption without first restoring a good digestion and healthy assimilation. The very first thing to be done is to cleanse the stomach and bowels from all diseased mucus and slime, which is clogging these organs to that they cannot perform their functions, and then rouse up and restore the liver to a healthy action. For this purpose the surest and best remedy is Schenck's Mandrake Pills. These Pills clean the stomach and bowels of all the dead and morbid slime that is causing disease and decay in the whole system. They will clear out the liver of all diseased bile that has accumulated there, and rouse it up to a new and healthy action, by which natural and healthy bile is secreted.
The stomach, bowels, and liver are thus cleansed by the use of Schenck's Mandrake Pills; but there remains in the stomach an excess of acid, the organ is torpid and the appetite poor. In the bowels the intestals are weak, and requiring strength and support. It is in a condition like this that Schenck's peawood Tonic proves to be the most valuable remedy ever discovered. It is alkaline, and its use will neutralize all excess of acid, making the stomach sweet and fresh; it will give permanent tone to this important organ, and create a good, hearty appetite, and prepare the system for the first process of a good digestion, and ultimately make good, healthy, living blood. After this preparatory treatment, what remains to cure most cases of Consumption is the free and persevering use of Schenck's Pulmonic Syrup. The Pulmonic Syrup nourishes the system, purifies the blood, and is readily absorbed into the circulation, and thence distributed to the diseased lungs. There it ripens all morbid matters, whether in the form of abscesses of tubercles, and then assists Nature to expel all the diseased matter, in the form of free expectoration, when once it ripens. It is then, by the great healing and purifying properties of Schenck's Pulmonic Syrup, that all ulcers and cavities are healed up sound, and my patient is cured.
The essential thing to be done in curing Consumption is to get up a good appetite and a good digestion, so that the body will grow in flesh and get strong. If a person has diseased lungs,—a cavity or abscess there,—the cavity cannot heal, cannot get ripe, so long as the system is below par. What is necessary to cure is a new order of things,—a good appetite, a good nutrition, the body to grow in flesh and get fat; then Nature is helped, the cavities will heal, the matter will ripen and be thrown off in large quantities, and the person regain strength. This is the true and only plan to cure Consumption, and if a person is very bad, if the lungs are not entirely destroyed, or even if one lung is entirely gone, if there is enough vitality left in the other to heal up, there is hope.
I have seen many persons cured with only one sound lung, live and enjoy life to a good old age. This is what Schenck's Medicines will do to cure Consumption. They will clean out the stomach, sweeten and strengthen it, get up a good digestion, and give Nature the assistance she needs to throw the system of all the disease that is in the lungs, whatever the form may be.
It is important that while using Schenck's Medicines, care should be exercised not to take cold. In the use of Schenck's Medicines will do to cure Consumption. They will clean out the stomach, sweeten and strengthen it, get up a good digestion, and give Nature the assistance she needs to throw the system of all the disease that is in the lungs, whatever the form may be.
It is important that while using Schenck's Medicines, care should be exercised not to take cold. In the use of Schenck's Medicines will do to cure Consumption. They will clean out the stomach, sweeten and strengthen it, get up a good digestion, and give Nature the assistance she needs to throw the system of all the disease that is in the lungs, whatever the form may be.
It is important that while using Schenck's Medicines, care should be exercised not to take cold, while using my Medicines, I do so for a special reason. A man who has but partially recovered from the effects of a bad cold is far more liable to a relapse than one who has been entirely cured; and it is precisely the same in regard to Consumption. So long as the lungs are not perfectly healed, just so long is there imminent danger of a full return of the disease. Hence it is that I so strenuously caution pulmonary patients against exposing themselves to an atmosphere that is not genial and pleasant. Confirmed Consumptives' lungs are a mass of sores, which the least change of atmosphere will inflame. The grand secret of my success with my Medicines consists in my ability to subdue inflammation instead of provoking it, as many of the faculty do. An inflamed lung cannot, with safety to the patient, be exposed to the biting blasts of Winter or the chilling winds of Spring or Autumn. It should be carefully shielded from all irritating influences. The utmost caution should be observed in this particular, as without it a cure under almost any circumstances is an impossibility.
The person should be kept on a wholesome and nutritious diet, and all the Medicines continued until the body has restored to it the natural quantity of flesh and strength.
I was myself cured by this treatment of the worst kind of Consumption, and have lived to get fat and hearty these many years, with one lung entirely gone. I have cured thousands since and very many have been cured by this treatment whom I have never seen.
About the First of October I expect to take possession of my new building, at the Northeast Corner of Sixth and Arch Streets, where I shall be pleased to give advice to all who may require it.
Full directions accompany all my Remedies, so that a person in any part of the world can be readily cured by a strict observance of the same.
J. H. SCHENCK, M. D.
Philadelphia.
Johnson, Holloway & Cowden, 602 Arch street Philadelphia, wholesale agents. [nov17'71-1y.

A GREAT MEDICAL DISCOVERY!
Dr. WALKER'S CALIFORNIA
VINEGAR BITTERS
Hundreds of Thousands
Bear testimony to their Wonderful Curative Effects.
WHAT ARE THEY?

THEY ARE NOT A VILE
FANCY DRINK,
made of Poor rum, Whiskey, Proof Spirits and Refuse Liquors doctored, spiced and sweetened to please the taste, called "Tonics," "Appetizers," "Restorers," &c., that lead the tippler on to drunkenness and ruin, but are a true Medicine, made from the Native Roots and Herbs of California, free from all Alcoholic Stimulants. They are the GREAT BLOOD PURIFIER and A LIFE GIVING PRINCIPLE, a perfect Renovator and Invigorator of the System, carrying off all poisonous matter and restoring the blood to a healthy condition. No person can take these Bitters according to direction and remain long unwell.
$100 will be given for an incurable case, provided the bones are not destroyed by mineral poison or other means, and the vital organs wasted beyond the point of repair.
For Inflammatory and Chronic Rheumatism and Gout, Dyspepsia or Indigestion, Bilious, Remittent and Intermittent Fevers, Diseases of the Blood, Liver, Kidneys, and Bladder, these Bitters have been most successful. Such Diseases are caused by Vitiated Blood, which is generally produced by derangement of the Digestive Organs.
DYSPEPSIA OR INDIGESTION, Headache, Pain in the Shoulders, Coughs, Tightness of the Chest, Dizziness, Sour Eructations of the Stomach, Bad taste in the Mouth, Bilious Attacks, Palpitation of the Heart, Inflammation of the Lungs, Pain in the regions of the Kidneys, and a hundred other painful symptoms are the offsprings of Dyspepsia.
They have a powerful action upon the Liver, stimulating the torpid Liver and bowels, which render them of unequalled efficacy in cleansing the blood of all impurities, and imparting new life and vigor to the whole system.
FOR SKIN DISEASES, Eruptions, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Blotches, Spots, Pimples, Pustules, Boils, Carbuncles, Ring Worms, Scald-Head, Sore Eyes, Erysipelas, Itch, Scurfs, Discolorations of the Skin, Humors and Diseases of the Skin, of whatever name or nature, are literally dug up and carried out of the system in a short time by the use of these Bitters. One bottle in such cases will convince the most incredulous of their curative effect.
Cleanse the Vitiated Blood whenever you find its impurities bursting through the skin in Pimples, Eruptions or Sores; cleanse it when you find it obstructed and sluggish in the veins; cleanse it when it is foul, and your feelings will tell you when. Keep the blood pure and the health of the system will follow.
PIN, TAPE and other WORMS, lurking in the system of so many thousands, are effectually destroyed and removed. For full directions, read carefully the circular around each bottle, printed in four languages—English, German, French and Spanish.
J. WALKER, Proprietor. R. H. McDONALD & CO., Druggists and Gen. Agents, San Francisco, Cal., 32 and 34 and 36 Commerce Street, New York.
SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS AND DEALERS.
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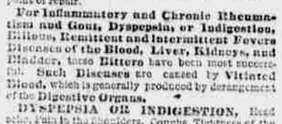

To any person producing any Medicine showing half as many living, permanent cures as DR. FITLER'S VEGETABLE RHEUMATIC REMEDY.—*Used inwardly only.* A pleasant Medicine, free from injurious drugs. Warranted, under oath, to have performed cures in every 100 patients treated in the past ten years. (See testimony.) It is the scientific prescription of Professor Jos. P. Fitler, M. D., a graduate of the University of Pennsylvania A. D. 1833,—now one of Philadelphia's oldest regular physicians, and Professor of Chemistry and Toxicology,—who has made Neuralgia, Chronic and Inflammatory Rheumatism the speciality of his entire professional life—a fact vouched for by the signatures accompanying each bottle, of many prominent renowned physicians, clergymen, and other testimonials. To protect sufferers from poisonous quack nostrums and useless expenditure of money, a legal signed guarantee, stating exact number of bottles warranted to cure, will be forwarded gratis to any sufferer sending by letter a full description of affliction. In case of failure to cure, amount paid positively refunded. Medicine sent anywhere by express, collect on delivery. Afflicted invited to write for advice; all information and medical advice sent by letter gratis. Principal office, 29 South Fourth street, Philadelphia, Pa. The Remedy is sold or obtained by Druggists.
mar 24'71—1y*

Miscellaneous.

CONTINENTAL.
Life Insurance Company.
OF NEW YORK.
No. of Policies Issued 43,000
ASSETS $5,500,000.

ISSUES all the new form of Policies and presents as favorable terms as any company in the United States.
The company will make temporary loans on its policies.
Thirty days' grace allowed on each payment, and the policy held good during that time.
All our policies are incontestable for the usual causes.
Policies issued by this company are non-forfeiture.
No extra charges made for travelling permits.
Policy holders share in the annual profits of the company, and have a voice in the elections and management of the company.
No policy or medical fee charged.
JUSTUS LAWRENCE, Pres't.
W. B. WYNKOOP, Vice Pres't.
J. P. ROGERS, Secretary.
S. C. CHANDLER, Jr., Actuary.

Central Office of North-Eastern Penn'a.
"COLUMBIAN" Building
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
LUDWIG & BROCKWAY,
General Agents.
Jan. 5,1872-tf.

Rail Roads.

LACKAWANNA AND BLOOMSBURG RAILROAD
On and after Nov. 27, 1871, Passenger Trains will run as follows:

	Going North. Arrive a. m.	Arrive p. m.	Going South Leave p. m.	Leave a. m.
Scranton	8.40	1.45	1.55	10.05
Pittston	8.18	11.52	2.11	10.35
Kingston } & Wilkes-Barre }	8.30	12.31	2.33	11.00
Plymouth	8.15